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**MC145151**

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EVALUATION KIT  
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# 1.2GHz VCO with Linear Modulation Input

MAX2754

## General Description

The MAX2754 self-contained, linear modulation, voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) is intended for use in the 2.4GHz to 2.5GHz ISM band, particularly for FSK modulation systems that utilize a direct frequency-modulation transmit architecture. This device features a linear modulation input in addition to the standard frequency tuning input. The frequency tuning range of 1145MHz to 1250MHz (1/2 LO) also supports an IF up to 110MHz with low side LO. The VCO is based on Maxim's proprietary monolithic VCO technology, where all VCO components are integrated on-chip, including the varactor and inductor.

The MAX2754 linear modulation input offers a means to directly FM modulate the VCO with a constant modulation sensitivity over the tuning voltage input range. Typical frequency deviation is -500kHz/V which is linear to  $\pm 4\%$  over the guaranteed frequency limits. The tuning input voltage range is +0.4V to +2.4V and the oscillator frequency is factory adjusted to provide guaranteed limits. The oscillator signal is buffered by an output amplifier stage (internally matched to 50 $\Omega$ ) to provide higher output power and isolate the oscillator from load impedance variations.

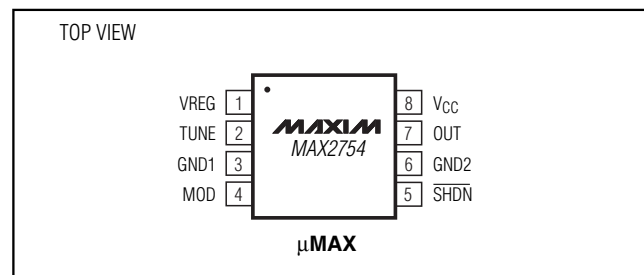
The MAX2754 operates over a +2.7V to +5.5V supply range. This device also provides a digitally controlled shutdown mode to permit implementation of sophisticated power-supply management. In shutdown, the supply current is reduced to 0.2 $\mu$ A. Even when active, power consumption is a modest 41mW.

The MAX2754 is packaged in the miniature 8-pin  $\mu$ MAX to offer the world's smallest, complete 2.4GHz direct-modulation VCO solution.

## Applications

HomeRF WLAN  
Bluetooth  
2.4GHz Cordless Phones  
2.4GHz Wireless Data Radios

## Pin Configuration

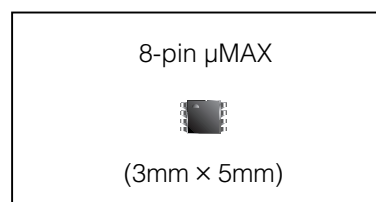


## Features

- ◆ Fully Monolithic VCO Construction with On-Chip Inductor and Varactor Tuning Elements
- ◆ Guaranteed 1145MHz to 1250MHz Tuning Range to Support 1/2 LO Applications
- ◆ Modulation Linearity Within  $\pm 4\%$
- ◆ Precise Modulation Gain (-500kHz/V)
- ◆ Low Phase Noise (-137dBc/Hz at 4MHz offset)
- ◆ +2.7V to +5.5V Single-Supply Operation
- ◆ Low-Current Shutdown Mode
- ◆ Miniature 8-Pin  $\mu$ MAX® Package

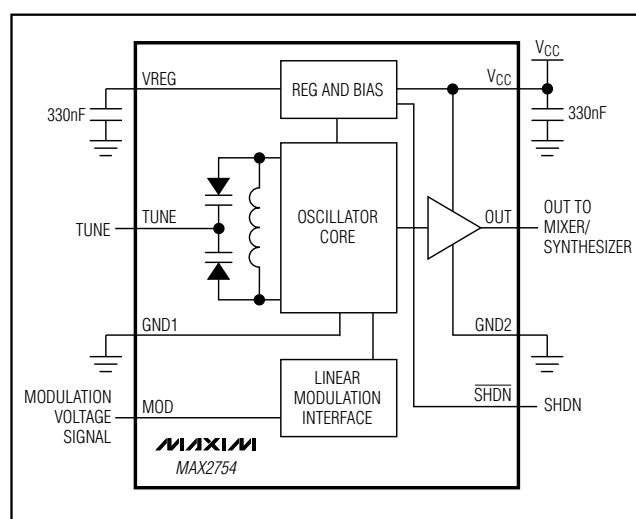
## Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX2754EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 $\mu$ MAX



$\mu$ MAX is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Circuits, Inc.

## Typical Operating Circuit



Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at [www.maxim-ic.com](http://www.maxim-ic.com).

# 1.2GHz VCO with Linear Modulation Input

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V<sub>CC</sub> to GND .....-0.3V to +6.0V  
 V<sub>REG</sub> to GND .....-0.3V to +6.0V  
 TUNE, SHDN, MOD to GND .....-0.3V to (V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)  
 OUT to GND .....-0.3V to +6.0V  
 Continuous Power Dissipation (T<sub>A</sub> = +70°C)  
 8-Pin  $\mu$ MAX (derate 5.7mW/°C above T<sub>A</sub> = +70°C) ....457mW

Operating Temperature Range .....-40°C to +85°C  
 Junction Temperature .....+150°C  
 Storage Temperature Range .....-65°C to +160°C  
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



**CAUTION!** ESD SENSITIVE DEVICE

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +2.7V to +5.5V, V<sub>TUNE</sub> = +0.4V to +2.4V, V<sub>SHDN</sub> ≥ +2.0V, V<sub>MOD</sub> = +1.4V, OUT is connected to a 50Ω load, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.0V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		2.7		5.5	V
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, V <sub>SHDN</sub> ≥ 2.0V		13.7	19	mA
		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, V <sub>SHDN</sub> ≥ 2.0V			20	
		V <sub>SHDN</sub> ≤ 0.6V	-2	0.2	2	μA
Digital Input Voltage High	V <sub>IH</sub>		2.0			V
Digital Input Voltage Low	V <sub>IL</sub>				0.6	V
Digital Input Current High	I <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>SHDN</sub> ≥ 2.0V	-2		2	μA
Digital Input Current Low	I <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>SHDN</sub> ≤ 0.6V	-1		1	μA
Modulation Input Voltage Range	V <sub>MOD</sub>		0.4		2.4	V
TUNE Leakage Current (Note 2)		V <sub>TUNE</sub> = +0.4V to +2.4V		0.01		nA

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(MAX2754 EV kit. V<sub>CC</sub> = +2.7V to +5.5V, V<sub>TUNE</sub> = +0.4V to +2.4V, V<sub>SHDN</sub> ≥ +2.0V, V<sub>MOD</sub> = +1.4V, OUT is connected to a 50Ω load, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.0V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Oscillator Guaranteed Frequency Limits	f <sub>MIN</sub> , f <sub>MAX</sub>	V <sub>TUNE</sub> = +0.4V to +2.4V, T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C	1145		1250	MHz
Phase Noise		f <sub>OFFSET</sub> = 4MHz		-137		dBc/Hz
		Noise floor		-151		dBm/Hz
Tuning Gain		V <sub>TUNE</sub> at f <sub>MIN</sub>		124		MHz/V
		V <sub>TUNE</sub> at f <sub>MAX</sub>		81		
Output Power				-5		dBm
Modulation Peak Frequency Deviation		f <sub>MIN</sub> < f < f <sub>MAX</sub> (Note 2)	±400	±500	±600	kHz
Modulation Sensitivity		Common-mode V <sub>MOD</sub> = 1.4V		-500		kHz/V

# 1.2GHz VCO with Linear Modulation Input

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(MAX2754 EV kit.  $V_{CC} = +2.7V$  to  $+5.5V$ ,  $V_{TUNE} = +0.4V$  to  $+2.4V$ ,  $V_{SHDN} \geq +2.0V$ ,  $V_{MOD} = +1.4V$ , OUT is connected to a  $50\Omega$  load,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = +3.0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Modulation Linearity		$V_{MOD} = +0.4$ to $+2.4V$ , $f_{MIN} < f < f_{MAX}$ (Note 4)		$\pm 4$		%
Modulation Full-Power Bandwidth (Note 5)				2.5		MHz
Return Loss (Note 6)		$f_{MIN} < f < f_{MAX}$		7.5		dB
Output Harmonics				-20		dBc
Load Pulling		VSWR = 2:1, all phases		1.5		MHz <sub>p-p</sub>
Supply Pushing		$V_{CC}$ stepped: $+3.3V$ to $+2.8V$		0.16		MHz/V
Oscillator Turn-On Time (Note 7)				10		$\mu s$
Oscillator Turn-Off Time (Note 8)				8		$\mu s$

**Note 1:** Specifications are production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ . Limits over temperature are guaranteed by design and characterization.

**Note 2:** Limits are guaranteed by production test at  $+25^\circ C$ .

**Note 3:** Center point is nominally  $+1.4V$ .

**Note 4:** Maximum variation in the modulation sensitivity from its average value over the guaranteed frequency limits.

**Note 5:** Bandwidth is defined as the point where the response to the modulation port is 0.707 times the low-frequency response.

Bandwidth limits on the modulation input for a 1V<sub>p-p</sub> sine wave. Common-mode  $V_{MOD} = +1.4V$ .

**Note 6:** Refer to *Output Buffer* section for suggestions to improve the return loss to 12dB.

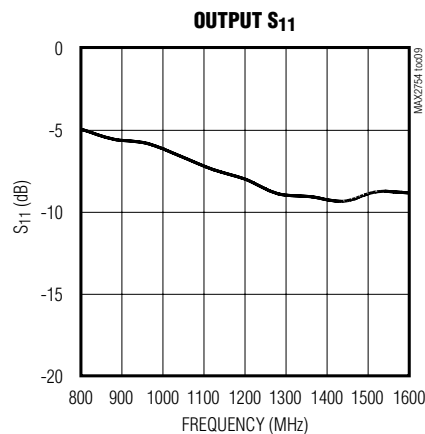
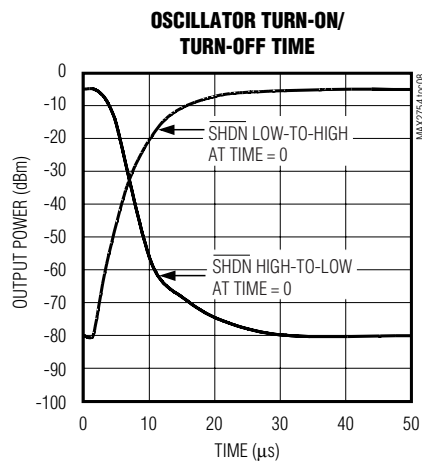
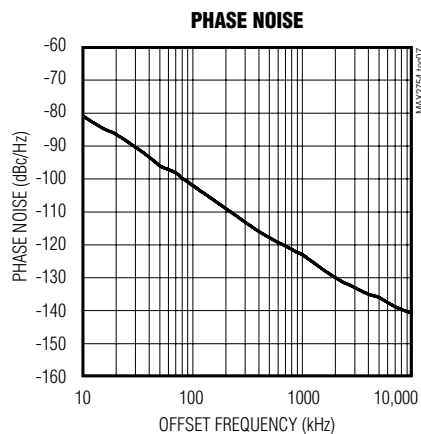
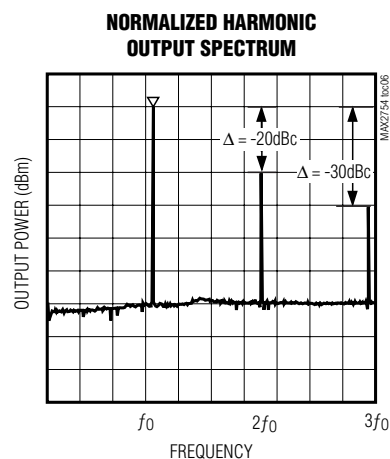
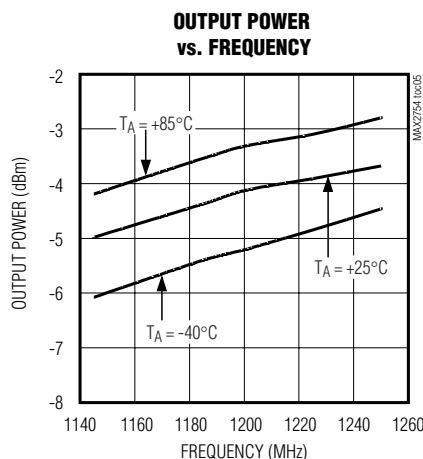
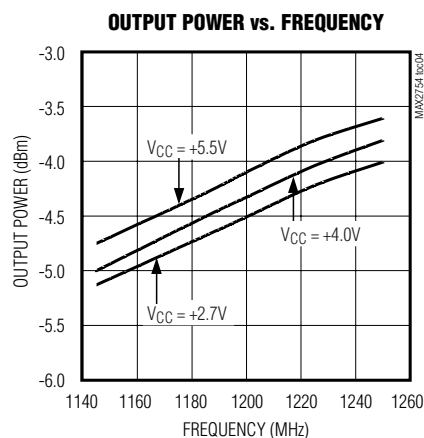
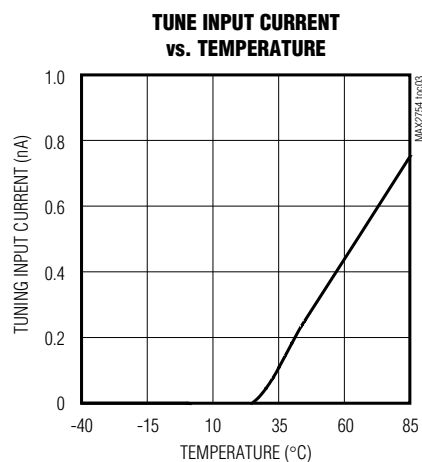
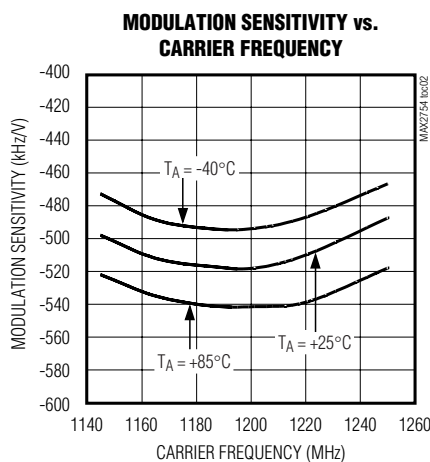
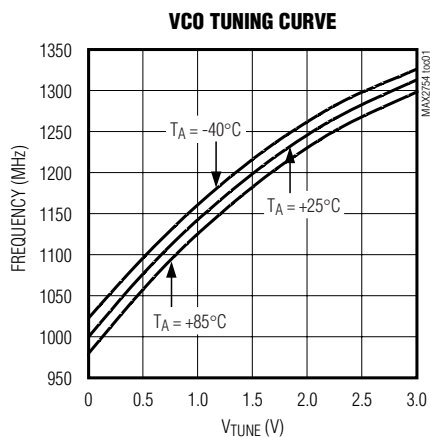
**Note 7:** Turn-on time to within 3dB of final output power.

**Note 8:** Turn-off time to output power of -10dBm.

# 1.2GHz VCO with Linear Modulation Input

## Typical Operating Characteristics

(MAX2754 EV kit,  $V_{CC} = +3.0V$ ,  $V_{SHDN} \geq +2.0V$ ,  $V_{TUNE} = V_{MOD} = +1.4V$ , and  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



# 1.2GHz VCO with Linear Modulation Input

## Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	VREG	Capacitor Connection to the On-Chip Linear Regulator Output. Connect a 330nF capacitor to ground.
2	TUNE	Oscillator Frequency Tuning-Voltage Input. High-impedance input with a voltage range of +0.4V (low frequency) to +2.4V (high frequency).
3	GND1	Ground Connection for the Oscillator Core. Requires a low-inductance connection to the circuit-board ground plane.
4	MOD	Linear Modulation Input. High-impedance CMOS input with a voltage range of +0.4V to +2.4V.
5	$\overline{\text{SHDN}}$	Shutdown Input. Drive logic low to place the device in shutdown mode. Drive logic high for normal operation.
6	GND2	Ground Connection for Output-Buffered Amplifier, Linear Modulation Interface, and Biasing. Requires a low-inductance connection to the circuit-board ground plane.
7	OUT	Buffered Oscillator Output. Incorporates an internal DC-blocking capacitor. OUT is internally matched to 50 $\Omega$ .
8	VCC	Supply Voltage Connection. Requires external RF bypass capacitor to ground for low noise and low spurious content performance from the oscillator. Bypass with a 330pF capacitor to ground.

## Detailed Description

### Oscillator

The MAX2754 VCO is implemented as an LC oscillator topology, integrating all of the tank components on-chip. This fully monolithic approach provides an extremely easy-to-use VCO, equivalent to a VCO module. The frequency is controlled by a voltage applied to the TUNE pin. The VCO core uses a differential topology to provide a stable frequency versus supply voltage and improve the immunity to load variations. In addition, there is a buffer amplifier following the oscillator core to provide added isolation from load and supply variations and to boost the output power.

### Linear Modulation

The linear modulation input offers a means to directly FM modulate the VCO with a controlled amount of frequency deviation for a given input voltage deviation. The unique technique maintains a consistent modulation gain ( $df/dV_{MOD}$ ) across the entire frequency tuning range of the part, enabling accurate FM modulation derived solely from the filtered NRZ “data” stream (the modulation voltage input).

The modulation input is single-ended and centered about +1.4V. The linear modulation full-scale range is  $\pm 1V$  around this point, for a +0.4V to +2.4V input voltage range. A very important point to note is that the sign of the modulation gain is negative. A positive change in  $V_{MOD}$  results in a negative change in oscilla-

tion frequency. This convention for the modulation gain is due to the practical implementation of the internal linearizing circuitry. This gain inversion must be considered when designing the analog voltage interface that drives the linear modulation input. The easiest way to handle this is to invert the logic polarity of the modulation data three-state output buffer (TX data output). Where it is impossible to invert the data-stream logic polarity, an external inverter and three-state buffer would be required. These devices are offered in small single-logic gates in SC-79 style packages from various manufacturers (e.g., Fairchild—Tiny Logic, On Semiconductor, or Rohm).

Figure 1 illustrates the frequency versus  $V_{MOD}$  characteristic of the modulation input. Note the negative slope of the curve,  $df_{MOD}/dV_{MOD} < 0$ , where  $f_{MOD} = f_{OUT} - f_{NOM}$ .

### Output Buffer

The oscillator signal from the core drives an output buffer amplifier. The amplifier is internally matched to 50 $\Omega$  including an on-chip DC-blocking capacitor. The return loss can be improved to a minimum of 12dB over 1145MHz to 1250MHz by adding a 2.5nH series inductor and a 3.0pF shunt capacitor. The output buffer has a ground connection separate from the oscillator core to minimize load-pulling effects. The amplifier boosts the oscillator signal to a level suitable for driving most RF mixers.

## Tune Input

## Two-Level FSK Applications

A graph showing the relationship between Output Frequency (MHz) on the y-axis and Modulation Voltage,  $V_{MOD}$  (V) on the x-axis. The y-axis has three marked points:  $f_{NOM} + f_{MOD}$ ,  $f_{NOM}$ , and  $f_{NOM} - f_{MOD}$ . The x-axis has marked points at 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, and 2.5. A solid line with a negative slope passes through the points  $(0.5, f_{NOM} + f_{MOD})$  and  $(1.5, f_{NOM})$ . Dashed lines extend from these points to the axes. The line continues to a point at  $x = 2.5$  where the frequency is  $f_{NOM} - f_{MOD}$ , indicated by a dashed line. Vertical dashed lines are also shown at  $x = 1.5$  and  $x = 2.5$  extending to the x-axis.

Figure 2 shows a typical applications circuit. To compute R1, R2, R3, and R4, determine the modulation voltage center point ( $V_{MODB} = +1.4V$ ). Compute the required modulation voltage deviation as follows:

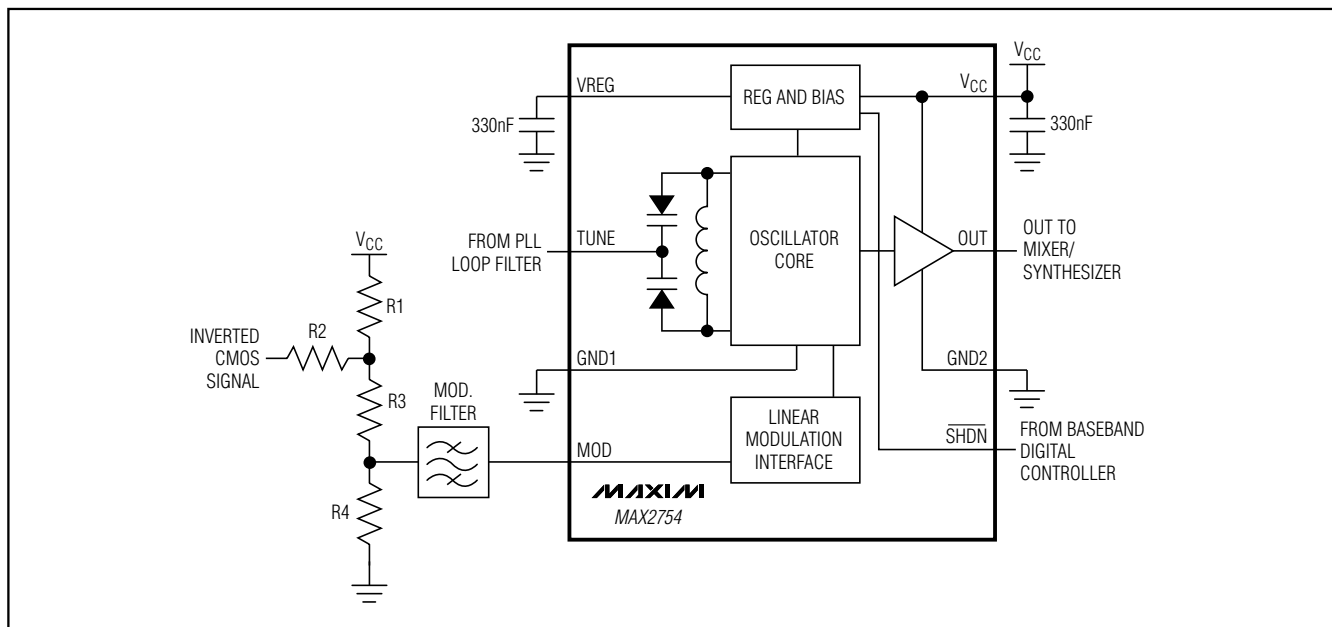


Figure 2. Typical Application Circuit for Two-Level FSK

## 1.2GHz VCO with Linear Modulation Input

$\Delta V = \Delta f / 500\text{kHz/V}$  (nominal modulation sensitivity)

Let  $R = R_1 + R_3 + R_4$ . Setting  $R$  based on the desired current from  $V_{CC}$  and filter impedance level:

$$\begin{aligned} R_1 &= \frac{R}{2}, \\ R_2 &= \left( \frac{V_{MODB}}{\Delta V} - 1 \right) \times \frac{R}{4}, \\ R_3 &= R \times \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{V_{MODB}}{V_{CC}} \right), \\ R_4 &= \frac{V_{MODB}}{V_{CC}} \times R \end{aligned}$$

### Layout Issues

Use controlled impedance lines (microstrip, co-planar waveguide, etc.) each time for high-frequency signals. Always place decoupling capacitors as close to the  $V_{CC}$  pins as possible; for long  $V_{CC}$  lines, it may be necessary to add additional decoupling capacitors located further from the device. Always provide a low-inductance path to ground, and keep GND vias as close to the device as possible. Thermal reliefs on GND pads are not recommended.

### Chip Information

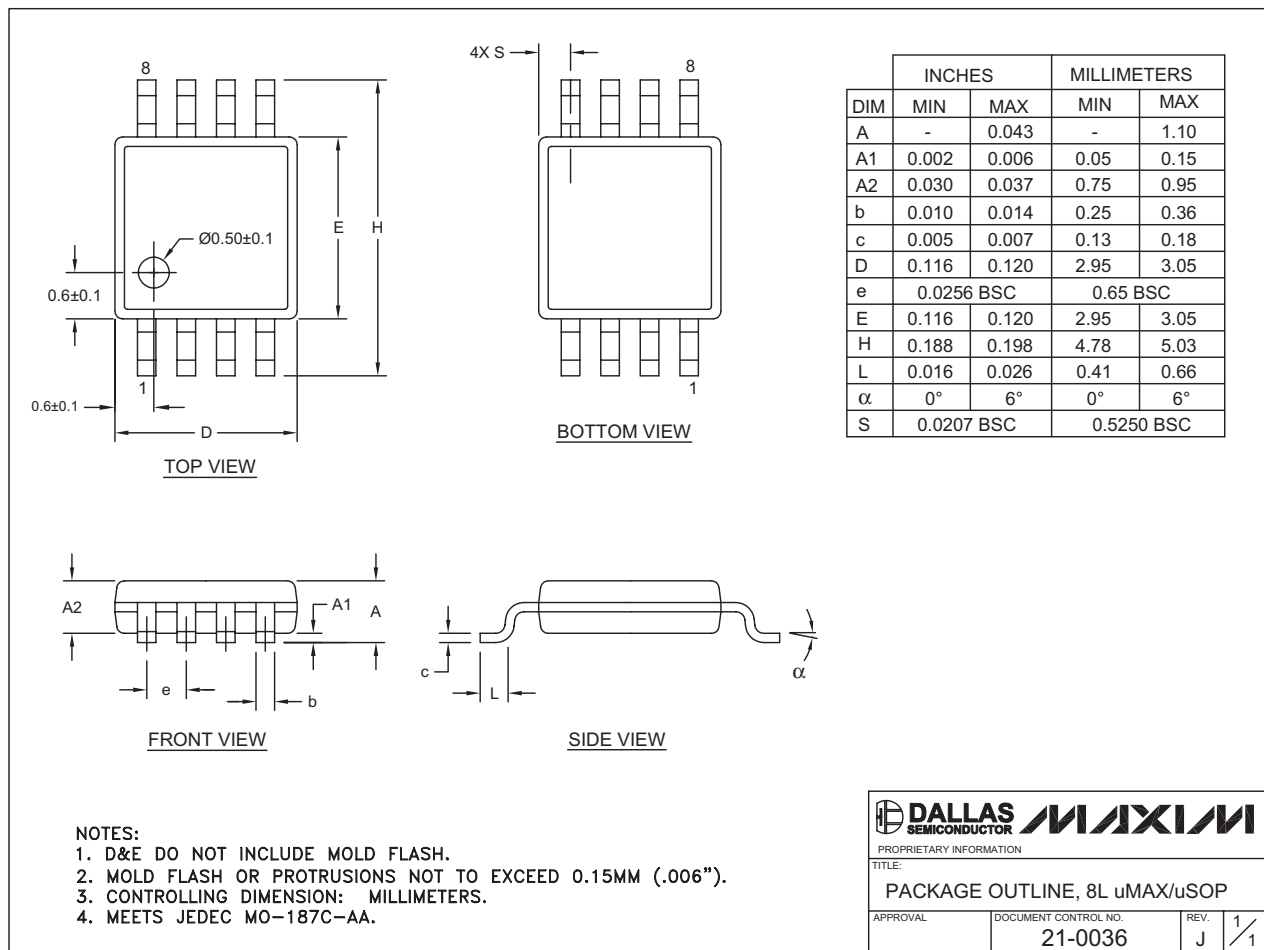
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 619



# 1.2GHz VCO with Linear Modulation Input

## Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)



8LUMAXD.EPS

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8 **Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600**

# MONOLITHIC AMPLIFIERS

50Ω

**BROADBAND** DC to 8 GHz



low power, up to +13.5 dBm output

all specifications at 25°C

MODEL NO.◆	* FREQ. GHz  f <sub>c</sub> - f <sub>u</sub>	GAIN, dB Typical										MAXIMUM POWER (dBm) at 2 GHz*		DYNAMIC RANGE at 2 GHz*		VSWR (:1) Typ.				ABSO- LUTE MAX. RATING <sup>3</sup>		DC OPERATING POWER <sup>4</sup> at Pin 3				THERMAL RESIS- TANCE		CASE STYLE		CON- NECT ION		PRICE \$	
		over frequency, GHz										Output (1 dB Comp.) Typ.	Input (no dmg) Typ.	NF (dB) Typ.	IP3 (dBm) Typ.	In DC-3 GHz	3-f <sub>u</sub> ** GHz	Out DC-3 GHz	3-f <sub>u</sub> ** GHz	I (mA)	P (mW)	Current (mA)	Volt.			θ <sub>jc</sub> Typ. °C/W	Note B			Qty. (30)			
		0.1	1	2	3	4	6	8	Min. @ 2 GHz	Flatness DC- 2 GHz	Typ												Min	Max									
ERA-1	DC-8	12.3	12.1	11.8	10.9	9.7	7.9	8.2	9	±0.3	12.0	10.0	15	4.3	26	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.9	75	330	40	3.4	3.0	4.1	178	VV105	cb	1.37				
ERA-2	DC-6	16.2	15.8	15.2	14.4	13.1	11.2	—	13	±0.5	13.0	11.0	15	4.0	26	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.6	75	330	40	3.4	3.0	4.1	155	VV105	cb	1.52				
ERA-3	DC-3	22.1	21.0	18.7	16.8	—	—	—	16	±1.7	12.5	9	13	3.5	25	1.5	—	1.4	—	75	330	35	3.2	3.0	4.1	154	VV105	cb	1.67				
NEW	ERA-1SM	DC-8	12.3	12.1	11.8	10.9	9.7	7.9	8.2	9	±0.3	12.0	10.0	15	4.3	26	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.9	75	330	40	3.4	3.0	4.1	183	WW107	cb	1.42			
	ERA-21SM	DC-8	14.2	13.9	13.2	12.2	10.8	8.7	8.9	11.2	±0.5	12.6	10.6	15	4.7	26	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.9	75	330	40	3.5	3.0	4.1	194	WW107	cb	1.57			
	ERA-2SM	DC-6	16.2	15.8	15.2	14.4	13.1	11.2	—	13	±0.5	13.0	11.0	15	4.0	26	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.6	75	330	40	3.4	3.0	4.1	160	WW107	cb	1.57			
NEW	ERA-33SM	DC-3	19.3	18.7	17.4	15.9	—	—	—	15	±0.9	13.5	11.5	13	3.9	28.5	1.6	—	1.25	—	75	330	40	4.3	3.8	4.8	140	WW107	cb	1.72			
	ERA-3SM	DC-3	22.1	21.0	18.7	16.8	—	—	—	16	±1.7	12.5	9	13	3.5	25	1.5	—	1.4	—	75	330	35	3.2	3.0	4.1	159	WW107	cb	1.72			

## features

- low thermal resistance
- miniature microwave amplifier
- available in drop-in & surface mount (sm) versions
- frequency range, DC to 8 GHz, usable to 10 GHz
- up to 18.5 dBm typ. (16.5 dBm min) output power

## absolute maximum ratings

operating temperature: -45°C to 85°C

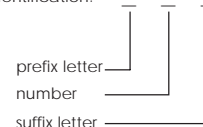
storage temperature: -65° to 150°C

## model identification

Model marking (see note below)

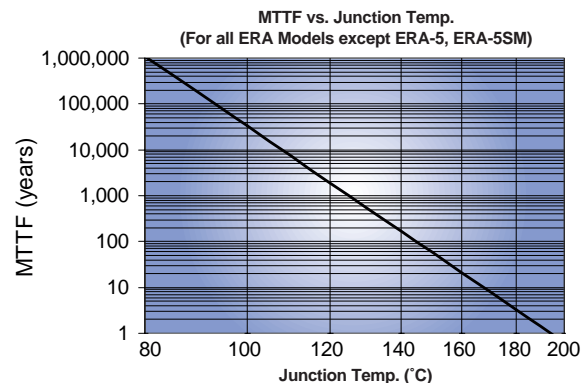
ERA-1, ERA-1SM	1
ERA-2, ERA-2SM	2
ERA-21SM	21
ERA-3, ERA-3SM	3
ERA-33SM	33
ERA-4, ERA-4SM	4
ERA-5, ERA-5SM	5
ERA-50SM	50
ERA-51SM	51
ERA-6, ERA-6SM	6

Note: Prefix letter (optional) designates assembly location. Suffix letters (optional) are for wafer identification.



## NOTES:

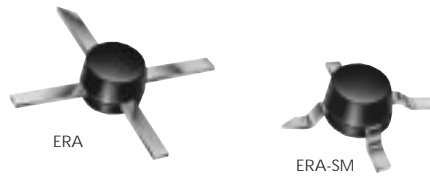
- Aqueous washable
  - at 1 GHz for ERA-4,5,6, 4SM, 5SM, 50SM, 51SM, 6SM
  - $f_u$  is the upper frequency limit for each model as shown in the table.
  - Gain, gain flatness, and VSWR are specified at 1.5 GHz.
  - Low frequency cutoff determined by external coupling capacitors.
- Environmental specifications and re-flow soldering information available in General Information Section.
  - Units are non-hermetic unless otherwise noted. For details on case dimensions & finishes see "Case Styles & Outline Drawings".
  - Prices and Specifications subject to change without notice.
  - For Quality Control Procedures see Table of Contents, Section 0, "Mini-Circuits Guarantees Quality" article. For Environmental Specifications see Amplifier Selection Guide.
- Model number designated by alphanumeric code marking.
  - ERA-SM models available on tape and reel.
  - Permanent damage may occur if any of these limits are exceeded. These ratings are not intended for continuous normal operation.
  - Supply voltage must be connected to pin 3 through a bias resistor in order to prevent damage. See "Biasing MMIC Amplifiers" in [minicircuits.com/application.html](http://minicircuits.com/application.html). Reliability predictions are applicable at specified current & normal operating conditions.



Distribution Centers NORTH AMERICA 800-654-7949 • 417 335-5935 • Fax 417-335-5945 • EUROPE 44-1252-832600 • Fax 44-1252-837010

ISO 9001 CERTIFIED

## Drop-In & Surface Mount

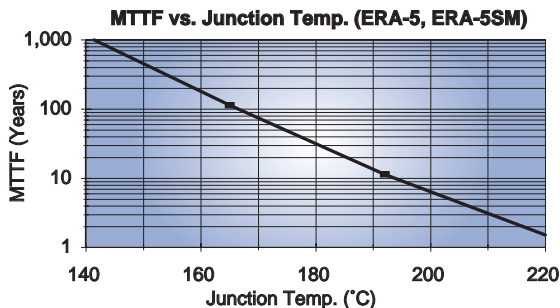
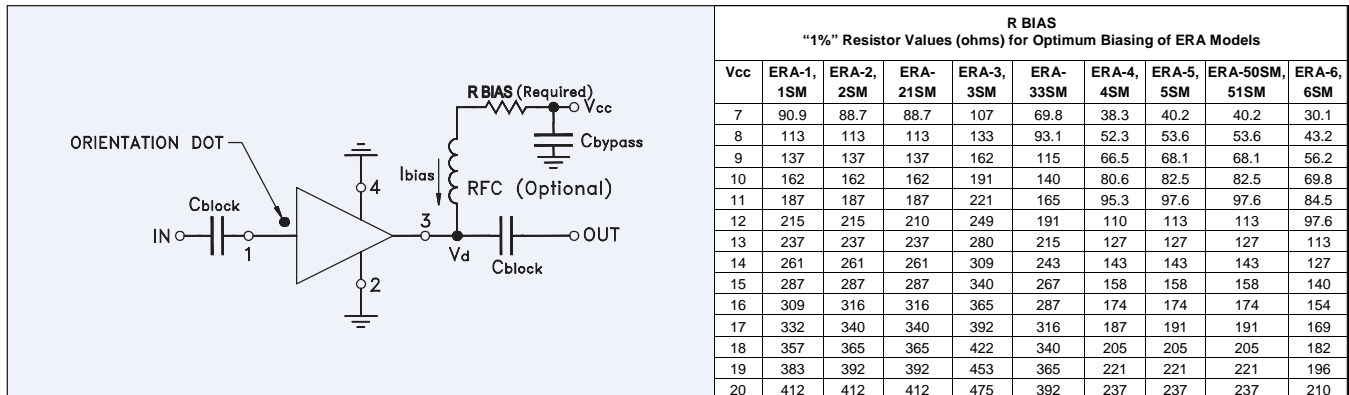


medium power, up to +18.4 dBm output

all specifications at 25°C

MODEL NO.◆	* FREQ. GHz	GAIN, dB Typical										MAXIMUM POWER (dBm) at 2 GHz*		DYNAMIC RANGE at 2 GHz*		VSWR (:1) Typ.				ABSO- LUTE MAX. RATING <sup>3</sup>		DC OPERATING POWER <sup>4</sup> at Pin 3				THERMAL RESIS- TANCE	CASE STYLE	C ONN ECT ION	PRICE \$	
		over frequency, GHz								Flatness DC- 2 GHz	Output (1 dB Comp.) Typ.	Input (no dmg) Min.	NF (dB) Typ.	IP3 (dBm) Typ.	In DC-3 GHz	3-f** GHz	DC-33-f** GHz	Out GHz	I (mA)	P (mW)	Current (mA)	Volt. Typ	Min	Max	θjc Typ. °C/W	Note B				
		0.1	1	2	3	4	6	8	Min.@ 2 GHz																					
		f <sub>c</sub> - f <sub>u</sub>																												
ERA-6	DC-4	12.6	12.5	12.2	11.7	11.3	—	—	10.5 ±0.2	17.9	16	20	4.5	36	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.8	120	650	70	5.0	4.6	5.6	170	VV105	cb	3.85		
		14.3	14.0	13.4	12.7	11.8	—	—	11 ±0.4	17.3	15	20	4.2	34	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.8	120	650	65	4.5	4.2	5.5	163	VV105	cb	3.85		
ERA-5	DC-4	20.2	19.5	18.5	17.3	16.2	—	—	16 ±1.0	18.4	16.5	13	4.3	32.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	120	650	65	4.9	4.2	5.5	278	VV105	cb	3.85		
ERA-6SM	DC-4	12.6	12.5	12.2	11.7	11.3	—	—	10.5 ±0.2	17.9	16	20	4.5	36	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.8	120	650	70	5.0	4.6	5.6	175	WW107	cb	3.90		
ERA-4SM	DC-4	14.3	14.0	13.4	12.7	11.8	—	—	11 ±0.4	17.3	15	20	4.2	34	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.8	120	650	65	4.5	4.2	5.5	168	WW107	cb	3.90		
NEW ERA-51SM	DC-4	18.0	17.4	16.1	14.8	12.5	—	—	14 ±1.0	18.1	16.5	13	4.1	33	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.9	120	650	65	4.5	4.2	5.5	154	WW107	cb	3.90		
ERA-5SM	DC-4	20.2	19.5	18.5	17.3	16.2	—	—	16 ±1.0	18.4	16.5	13	4.3	32.5	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	120	650	65	4.9	4.2	5.5	283	WW107	cb	3.90		
NEW ERA-50SM***	DC-1.5	20.7	19.4	18.3	—	—	—	—	16 ±1.2	17.2	16.0	13	3.5	32.5	1.3	—	1.2	—	120	650	60	4.4	4.0	4.9	177	WW107	cb	2.95		

## typical biasing configuration



## designers kits available

KIT NO.	Model Type	No. of Units in Kit	Description	Price \$ per kit
K1-ERA	ERA	30	10 of each 1,2,3	49.95
K2-ERA	ERA	20	10 of each 4,5	69.95
K1-ERASM	ERA-SM	30	10 of each 1SM, 2SM, 3SM	49.95
K2-ERASM	ERA-SM	20	10 of each 4SM, 5SM	69.95
K3-ERASM	ERA-SM	30	10 of each 4SM, 5SM, 6SM	99.95

## pin connections

PORT	cb
RF IN	1
RF OUT	3
DC	3
CASE GND	2,4
NOT USED	—

## NSN GUIDE

MCL NO.	NSN
ERA-1SM	5962-01-459-9075
ERA-2SM	5962-01-459-7410
ERA-3SM	5962-01-459-9314



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Available  
Tape & Reel

High Directivity

# Monolithic Amplifier

0.5-2.5 GHz

## Product Features

- 3V & 5V operation
- no external biasing circuit required
- internal DC blocking at RF input and output
- high directivity, 20 dB typ.
- wide bandwidth, 0.5 to 2.5 GHz
- low noise figure, 5.5 dB typ.
- output power, up to +18.2 dBm typ.
- low cost



## VNA-25+

CASE STYLE: XX211-1  
PRICE: \$2.50 ea. QTY. (25)

## Typical Applications

- buffer amplifier
- cellular
- PCN

**+ RoHS compliant in accordance  
with EU Directive (2002/95/EC)**

The +Suffix has been added in order to identify RoHS Compliance. See our web site for RoHS Compliance methodologies and qualifications.

## General Description

VNA-25+ is a wideband amplifier offering high dynamic range. It has repeatable performance from lot to lot. It is enclosed in an 8-lead SOIC package. VNA-25+ is fabricated using GaAs MESFET technology. Expected MTBF at 85°C case temperature is 40,000 years at 2.8V, 2,000 at 5V.

## Pin Description

Function	Pin Number	Description
RF IN	3	RF input pin.
RF OUT	6	RF output pin.
DC	1	Bias pin
GND	2,4,5,7,8	Connections to ground. Use via holes as shown in "Suggested Layout for PCB Design" to reduce ground path inductance for best performance.

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RF/IF MICROWAVE COMPONENTS

REV. G  
M113397  
VNA-25+  
071130  
Page 1 of 4

## Electrical Specifications at 25°C

Parameter		Min.	Typ.		Max.	Units
Frequency Range		0.5			2.5	GHz
at DC Volts		5.0	5.0	2.8	5.0	V
Gain	f=0.5 GHz f=1.0 GHz f=1.5 GHz f=2.0 GHz f=2.5 GHz	16	15.5	14.5		dB
			18.0	16.7		
			18.6	17.4		
			17.8	17		
			16	15.5		
Input Return Loss	f=0.75 to 2.5 GHz		14	14		dB
Output Return Loss	f=0.75 to 2.5 GHz		12.5	12.5		dB
Output Power @ 1 dB compression	f=0.5 to 2.5 GHz		18.2	12		dBm
Output IP3	f=0.5 to 2.5 GHz		29	24		dBm
Noise Figure	f=0.5 to 2.5 GHz		5.5	5.5		dB
Directivity (Isolation-Gain)	f=0.5 to 2.5 GHz		18-24	16-25		dB
DC Current			85	80	105	mA
Thermal Resistance, junction-to-case <sup>1</sup>			125			°C/W

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

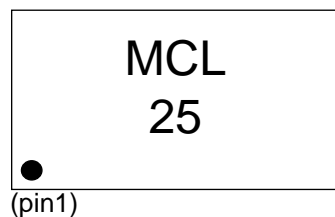
Parameter	Ratings
Operating Temperature	-40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature	-55°C to 150°C
DC Voltage	+7V, -1.0V reverse
Power Dissipation	1000mW
Input Power	10dBm

Note: Permanent damage may occur if any of these limits are exceeded.

These ratings are not intended for continuous normal operation.

<sup>1</sup>Case is defined as ground leads.

## Product Marking



## Additional Detailed Technical Information

Additional information is available on our web site. To access this information enter the model number on our web site home page.

## Performance data, graphs, s-parameter data set (.zip file)

## Case Style: XX211-1

VNA-25+: Plastic molded, 8-lead SOIC, lead finish: Tin Plate

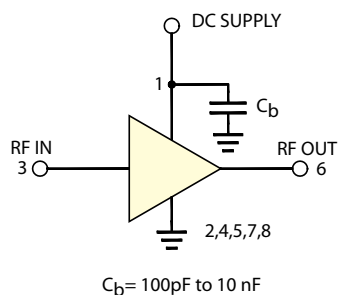
## Tape & Reel: F16

## Suggested Layout for PCB Design: PL-077

## Evaluation Board: TB-01

## Environmental Ratings: ENV08T1

## Recommended Application Circuit



Test Board includes case, connectors, and components (in bold) soldered to PCB

# MB506

## ULTRA HIGH FREQUENCY PRESCALER

### ULTRA HIGH FREQUENCY PRESCALER

The Fujitsu MB506 is a high frequency, up to 2.4GHz, prescaler used with a frequency synthesizer to form a Phase Locked Loop (PLL). It will divide the input frequency by the modulus of 128 or 256 and the output level is 1.6V peak to peak on ECL level. Operation in the 1.6GHz range meets the specification for applications in Direct Broadcasting Satellite Systems (DBS), CATV systems, and UHF Transceivers.

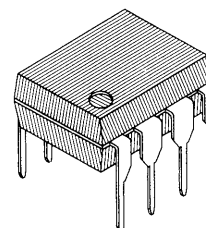
### FEATURES

- High Frequency Operation 2.4GHz max.
- Power Dissipation 90mW typ.
- Wide Operation Temperature -40°C to +85°C
- Stable Output Amplitude  $V_{OUT} = 1.6V_{p-p}$
- Complete PLL synthesizer circuit with the Fujitsu MB87006A, PLL synthesizer IC
- Plastic 8-pin Standard Dual-In-Line Package or Flat Package

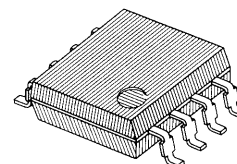
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (See Note)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.5 to $V_{CC}$	V
Output Current	$I_O$	10	mA
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	-55 to +125	°C

**Note:** Permanent device damage may occur if the above **Absolute Maximum Ratings** are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in

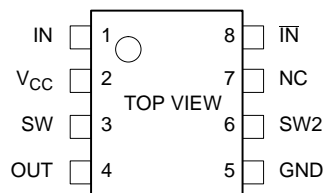


PLASTIC PACKAGE  
DIP-08P-M01



PLASTIC PACKAGE  
FPT-08P-M01

### PIN ASSIGNMENT



This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit.

MB506

the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

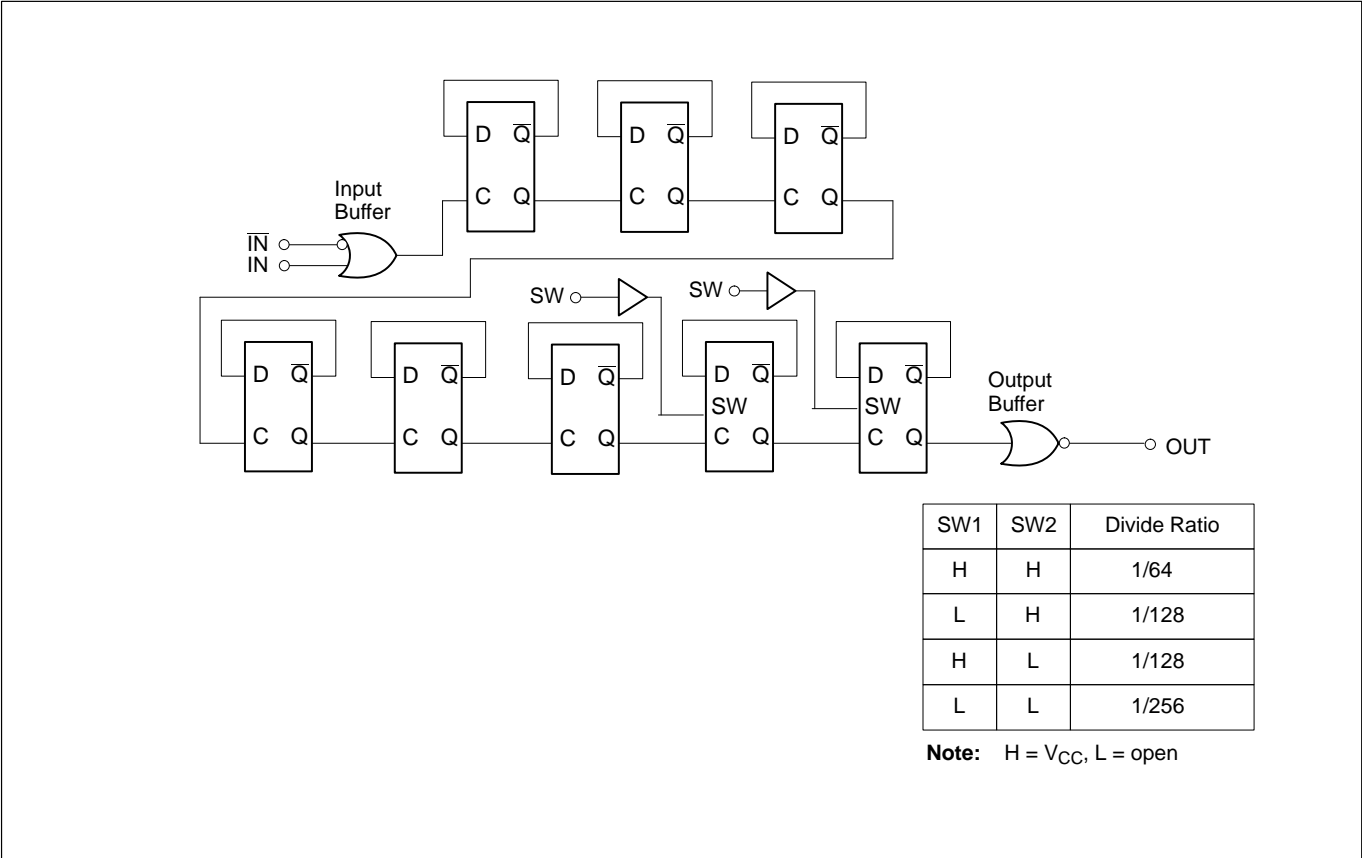


Figure 1. MB506 Block Diagram

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Number	Symbol	Function
1	IN	Input
2	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply Voltage
3	SW1	Divide Ratio Control Input Selecting Divide Ratio (See Divide Ratio Table)
4	OUT	Output
5	GND	Ground
6	SW2	Divide Ratio Control Input Selecting Divide Ratio (See Divide Ratio Table)
7	NC	No Connection
8	IN	Complementary Input



## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Output Current	$I_O$		1.2		mA
Ambient Temperature	$T_A$	-40		+85	°C
Load Capacitance	$C_L$			12	pF

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$			18		mA
Output Amplitude	$V_O$		1.0	1.6		$V_{p-p}$
Input Frequency	$f_{IN}$	with input coupling capacitor 1000pF $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$	100		2200	MHz
		$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $60^\circ\text{C}$	100		2400	
Input Signal Amplitude	$P_{IN}$	$f_{IN} = 100\text{MHz}$ to $1.3\text{GHz}$	-16		5.5	dBm
		$f_{IN} = 1.3\text{MHz}$ to $2.4\text{GHz}$	-4		5.5	
High Level Input Voltage for SW	$V_{IHS}^*$		$V_{CC} - 0.1$	$V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 0.1$	V
Low Level Input Voltage for SW	$V_{ILS}$		Open			V

**Note:** \*Design Guarantee

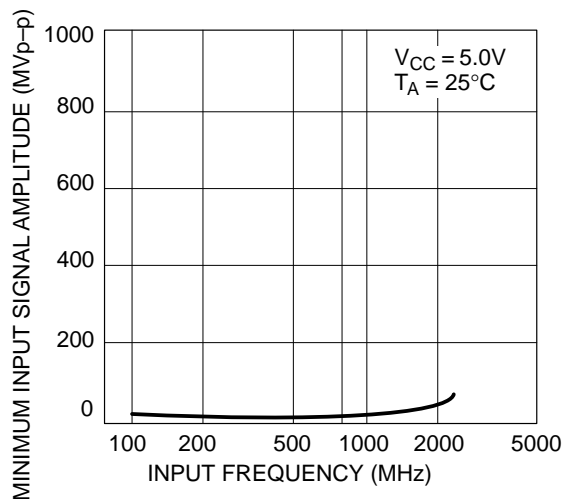
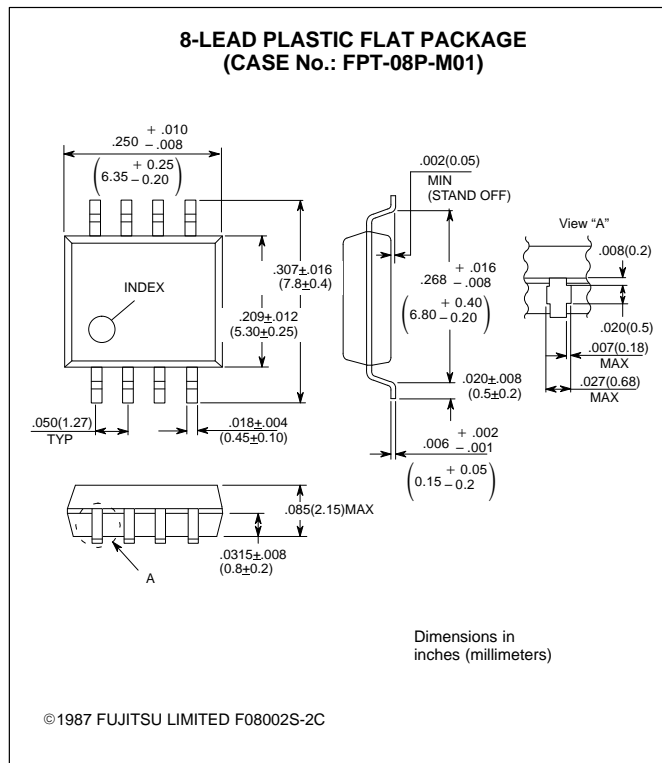
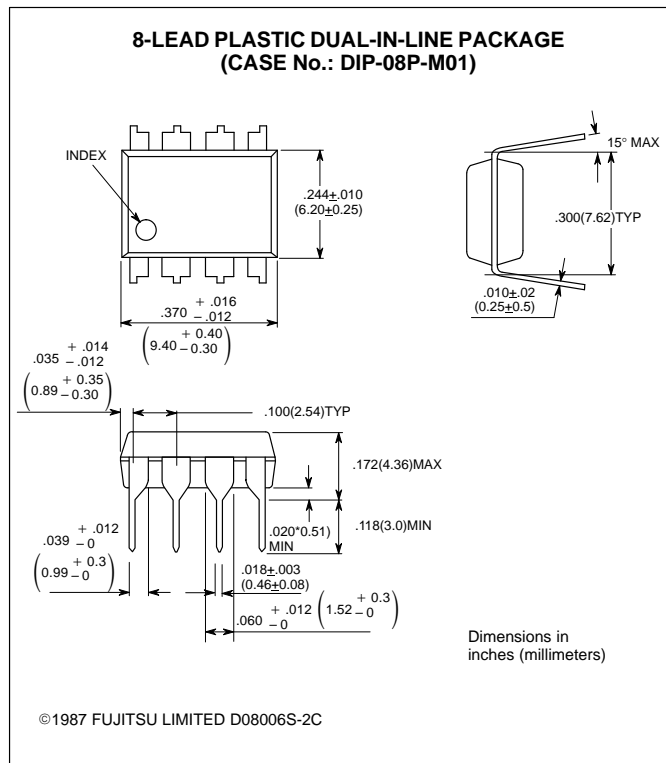


Figure 2. Input Signal Amplitude vs. Input Frequency

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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# PLL Frequency Synthesizer Family CMOS

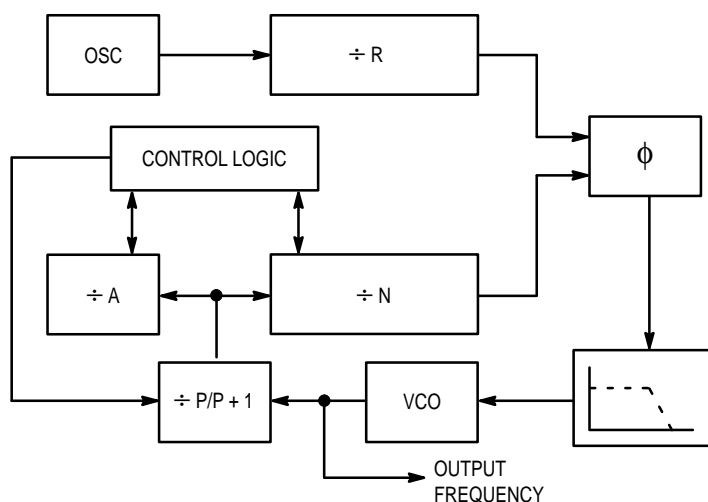
**MC145151-2**  
**MC145152-2**  
**MC145155-2**  
**MC145156-2**  
**MC145157-2**  
**MC145158-2**

The devices described in this document are typically used as low-power, phase-locked loop frequency synthesizers. When combined with an external low-pass filter and voltage-controlled oscillator, these devices can provide all the remaining functions for a PLL frequency synthesizer operating up to the device's frequency limit. For higher VCO frequency operation, a down mixer or a prescaler can be used between the VCO and the synthesizer IC.

These frequency synthesizer chips can be found in the following and other applications:

CATV  
AM/FM Radios  
Two-Way Radios

TV Tuning  
Scanning Receivers  
Amateur Radio



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Dual-Modulus Prescaling .....	30

# Parallel-Input PLL Frequency Synthesizer

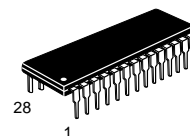
## Interfaces with Single-Modulus Prescalers

The MC145151-2 is programmed by 14 parallel-input data lines for the N counter and three input lines for the R counter. The device features consist of a reference oscillator, selectable-reference divider, digital-phase detector, and 14-bit programmable divide-by-N counter.

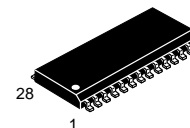
The MC145151-2 is an improved-performance drop-in replacement for the MC145151-1. The power consumption has decreased and ESD and latch-up performance have improved.

- Operating Temperature Range: - 40 to 85°C
- Low Power Consumption Through Use of CMOS Technology
- 3.0 to 9.0 V Supply Range
- On- or Off-Chip Reference Oscillator Operation
- Lock Detect Signal
- ÷ N Counter Output Available
- Single Modulus/Parallel Programming
- 8 User-Selectable ÷ R Values: 8, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, 2410, 8192
- ÷ N Range = 3 to 16383
- "Linearized" Digital Phase Detector Enhances Transfer Function Linearity
- Two Error Signal Options: Single-Ended (Three-State) or Double-Ended
- Chip Complexity: 8000 FETs or 2000 Equivalent Gates

## MC145151-2



**P SUFFIX**  
PLASTIC DIP  
CASE 710



**DW SUFFIX**  
SOG PACKAGE  
CASE 751F

### ORDERING INFORMATION

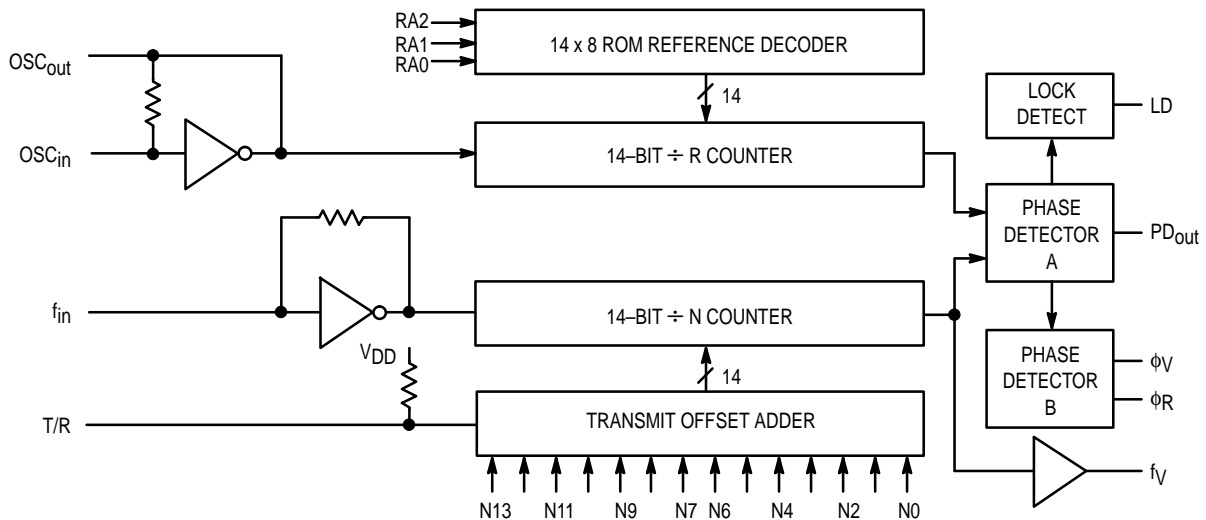
MC145151P2	Plastic DIP
MC145151DW2	SOG Package

### PIN ASSIGNMENT

$f_{in}$	1	28	LD
$V_{SS}$	2	27	OSC <sub>in</sub>
$V_{DD}$	3	26	OSC <sub>out</sub>
PD <sub>out</sub>	4	25	N11
RA0	5	24	N10
RA1	6	23	N13
RA2	7	22	N12
$\phi_R$	8	21	T/R
$\phi_V$	9	20	N9
$f_V$	10	19	N8
N0	11	18	N7
N1	12	17	N6
N2	13	16	N5
N3	14	15	N4



## MC145151-2 BLOCK DIAGRAM



NOTE: N0 – N13 inputs and inputs RA0, RA1, and RA2 have pull-up resistors that are not shown.

## PIN DESCRIPTIONS

### INPUT PINS

#### $f_{in}$ Frequency Input (Pin 1)

Input to the  $\div N$  portion of the synthesizer.  $f_{in}$  is typically derived from loop VCO and is ac coupled into the device. For larger amplitude signals (standard CMOS logic levels) dc coupling may be used.

#### RA0 – RA2 Reference Address Inputs (Pins 5, 6, 7)

These three inputs establish a code defining one of eight possible divide values for the total reference divider, as defined by the table below.

Pull-up resistors ensure that inputs left open remain at a logic 1 and require only a SPST switch to alter data to the zero state.

Reference Address Code			Total Divide Value
RA2	RA1	RA0	
0	0	0	8
0	0	1	128
0	1	0	256
0	1	1	512
1	0	0	1024
1	0	1	2048
1	1	0	2410
1	1	1	8192

#### N0 – N11 N Counter Programming Inputs (Pins 11 – 20, 22 – 25)

These inputs provide the data that is preset into the  $\div N$  counter when it reaches the count of zero. N0 is the least significant and N13 is the most significant. Pull-up resistors en-

sure that inputs left open remain at a logic 1 and require only an SPST switch to alter data to the zero state.

#### T/R Transmit/Receive Offset Adder Input (Pin 21)

This input controls the offset added to the data provided at the N inputs. This is normally used for offsetting the VCO frequency by an amount equal to the IF frequency of the transceiver. This offset is fixed at 856 when T/R is low and gives no offset when T/R is high. A pull-up resistor ensures that no connection will appear as a logic 1 causing no offset addition.

#### OSCin, OSCout Reference Oscillator Input/Output (Pins 27, 26)

These pins form an on-chip reference oscillator when connected to terminals of an external parallel resonant crystal. Frequency setting capacitors of appropriate value must be connected from OSCin to ground and OSCout to ground. OSCin may also serve as the input for an externally-generated reference signal. This signal is typically ac coupled to OSCin, but for larger amplitude signals (standard CMOS logic levels) dc coupling may also be used. In the external reference mode, no connection is required to OSCout.

### OUTPUT PINS

#### PDout Phase Detector A Output (Pin 4)

Three-state output of phase detector for use as loop-error signal. Double-ended outputs are also available for this purpose (see  $\phi_V$  and  $\phi_R$ ).

Frequency  $f_V > f_R$  or  $f_V$  Leading: Negative Pulses

Frequency  $f_V < f_R$  or  $f_V$  Lagging: Positive Pulses

Frequency  $f_V = f_R$  and Phase Coincidence: High-Impedance State

### Phase Detector B Outputs (Pins 8, 9)

These phase detector outputs can be combined externally for a loop-error signal. A single-ended output is also available for this purpose (see **PD<sub>out</sub>**).

If frequency  $f_V$  is greater than  $f_R$  or if the phase of  $f_V$  is leading, then error information is provided by  $\phi_V$  pulsing low.  $\phi_R$  remains essentially high.

If the frequency  $f_V$  is less than  $f_R$  or if the phase of  $f_V$  is lagging, then error information is provided by  $\phi_R$  pulsing low.  $\phi_V$  remains essentially high.

If the frequency of  $f_V = f_R$  and both are in phase, then both  $\phi_V$  and  $\phi_R$  remain high except for a small minimum time period when both pulse low in phase.

## fv

### N Counter Output (Pin 10)

This is the buffered output of the  $\div N$  counter that is inter-

nally connected to the phase detector input. With this output available, the  $\div N$  counter can be used independently.

**LD**

### Lock Detector Output (Pin 28)

Essentially a high level when loop is locked ( $f_R$ ,  $f_V$  of same phase and frequency). Pulses low when loop is out of lock.

## POWER SUPPLY

 $V_{DD}$ 

### Positive Power Supply (Pin 3)

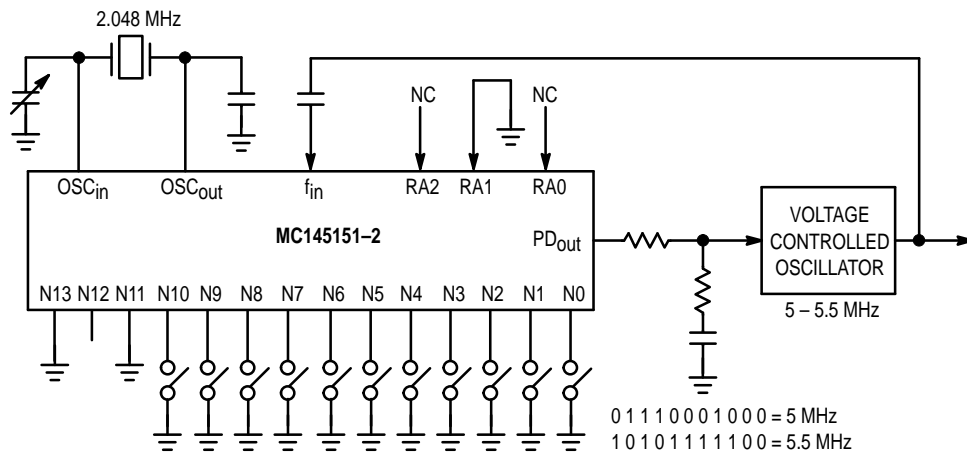
The positive power supply potential. This pin may range from +3 to +9 V with respect to  $V_{SS}$ .

 $V_{SS}$ 

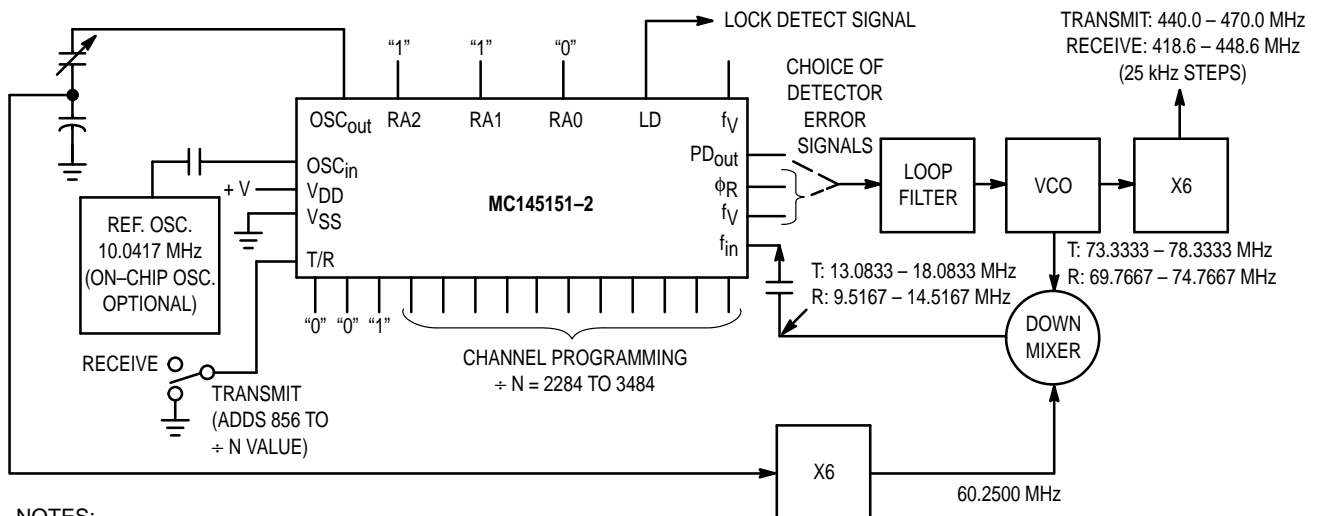
### Negative Power Supply (Pin 2)

The most negative supply potential. This pin is usually ground.

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



**Figure 1. 5 MHz to 5.5 MHz Local Oscillator Channel Spacing = 1 kHz**



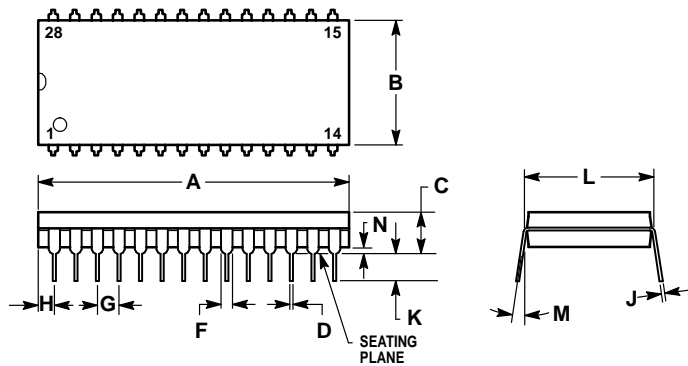
NOTES:

1.  $f_R = 4.1667 \text{ kHz}$ ;  $\div R = 2410$ ; 21.4 MHz low side injection during receive.
2. Frequency values shown are for the 440 – 470 MHz band. Similar implementation applies to the 406 – 440 MHz band. For 470 – 512 MHz, consider reference oscillator frequency X9 for mixer injection signal (90.3750 MHz).

### Figure 2. Synthesizer for Land Mobile Radio UHF Bands

MC145151-2 Data Sheet Continued on Page 23

**P SUFFIX  
PLASTIC DIP  
CASE 710-02  
(MC145151-2, MC145152-2)**

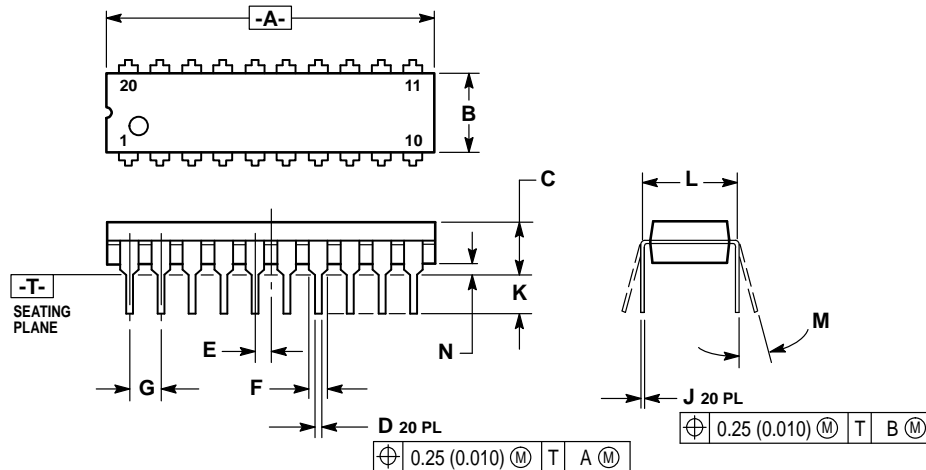


**NOTES:**

1. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE OF LEADS (D), SHALL BE WITHIN 0.25mm (0.010) AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION, IN RELATION TO SEATING PLANE AND EACH OTHER.
2. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEADS WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
3. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	36.45	37.21	1.435	1.465
B	13.72	14.22	0.540	0.560
C	3.94	5.08	0.155	0.200
D	0.36	0.56	0.014	0.022
F	1.02	1.52	0.040	0.060
G	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
H	1.65	2.16	0.065	0.085
J	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015
K	2.92	3.43	0.115	0.135
L	15.24 BSC		0.600 BSC	
M	0°	15°	0°	15°
N	0.51	1.02	0.020	0.040

**P SUFFIX  
PLASTIC DIP  
CASE 738-03  
(MC145156-2)**



**NOTES:**

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.010	1.070	25.66	27.17
B	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
C	0.150	0.180	3.81	4.57
D	0.015	0.022	0.39	0.55
E	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC	
F	0.050	0.070	1.27	1.77
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
J	0.008	0.015	0.21	0.38
K	0.110	0.140	2.80	3.55
L	0.300 BSC		7.62 BSC	
M	0°	15°	0°	15°
N	0.020	0.040	0.51	1.01

## Voltage Variable Absorptive Attenuator 30 dB, 0.5-2.0 GHz

**AT-110  
V4**

### Features

- Single Positive Voltage Control: 0 to +5 Volts
- 30 dB Voltage Variable Attenuation
- $\pm 2$  dB Linearity from BSL
- Low DC Power Consumption
- Temperature Range:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
- SOIC-8 Plastic Package
- Tape and Reel Packaging Available
- Fast Switching Speed

### Description

M/A-COM's AT-110 is a GaAs MMIC voltage variable absorptive attenuator in a low-cost SOIC 8-lead surface mount plastic package. The AT-110 has a faster switching speed than the AT-108 or AT-109. The AT-110 is ideally suited for use where linear attenuation fine tuning and very low power consumption are required.

Typical applications include radio, cellular, GPS equipment and automatic gain/level control circuits.

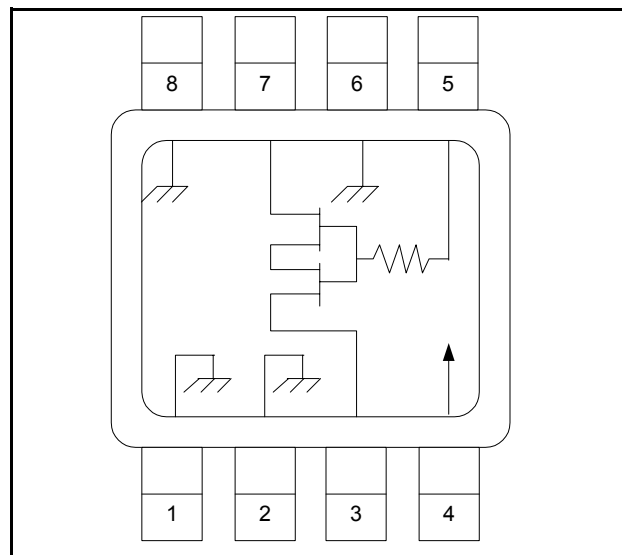
The AT-110 is fabricated with a monolithic GaAs MMIC using a mature 1-micron process. The process features full chip passivation for increased performance and reliability.

### Ordering Information

Part Number	Package
AT-110	SOIC 8-Lead Plastic Package
AT-110TR	Forward Tape and Reel

Note: Reference Application Note M513 for reel size information.

### Functional Schematic <sup>1,2,3</sup>



1.  $V_{CC} = +5 \text{ VDC} \pm 0.5 \text{ VDC}$  @ 300  $\mu\text{A}$  maximum.
2.  $V_C = 0 \text{ VDC}$  to  $+5 \text{ VDC}$  @ 6 mA maximum.
3. External DC blocking capacitors are required on all RF ports.

### Pin Configuration

Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	Ground	5	$V_C$
2	Ground	6	Ground
3	RF Port	7	RF Port
4	$V_{CC}$	8	Ground

### Absolute Maximum Ratings <sup>4</sup>

Parameter	Absolute Maximum
Input Power	+21 dBm
Supply Voltage $V_{CC}$	$-1 \text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq +8 \text{ V}$
Control Voltage $V_C$	$-1 \text{ V} \leq V_C \leq V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$
Operating Temperature	$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$-65^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$

4. Exceeding any one or combination of these limits may cause permanent damage to this device.



# Voltage Variable Absorptive Attenuator 30 dB, 0.5-2.0 GHz

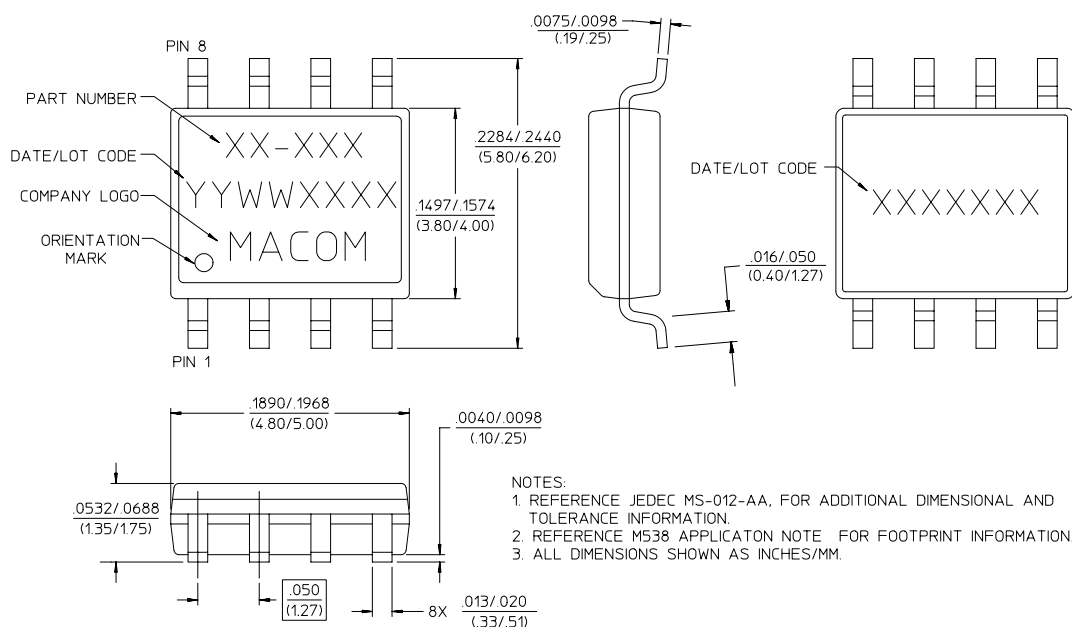
**AT-110  
V4**

## Electrical Specifications<sup>5</sup>: T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, Z<sub>0</sub> = 50 Ω

Parameter	Test Conditions	Units	Min	Typ	Max
Insertion Loss	0.5 - 1.0 GHz	dB	—	2.8	3.0
	1.0 - 2.0 GHz	dB	—	3.3	3.6
Attenuation	0.5 - 1.0 GHz	dB	30	—	—
	1.0 - 2.0 GHz	dB	25	—	—
Flatness (Peak to Peak)	0.5 - 1.0 GHz	dB	—	± 0.5	± 0.8
	1.0 - 2.0 GHz	dB	—	± 1.2	± 1.5
VSWR	—	Ratio	—	2:1	—
Trise, Tfall	10% to 90% RF, 90% to 10% RF	µS	—	0.2	—
Ton, Toff	50% Control to 90% RF, 50% Control to 10% RF	µS	—	0.2	—
Transients	In-band	mV	—	70	—

5. The RF ports must be blocked outside of the package from ground or any other voltage.

## SOIC-8

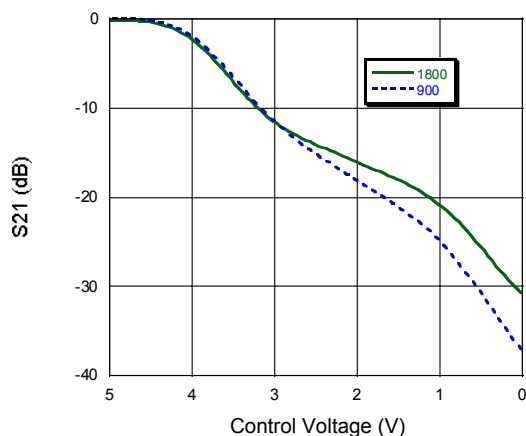


# Voltage Variable Absorptive Attenuator 30 dB, 0.5-2.0 GHz

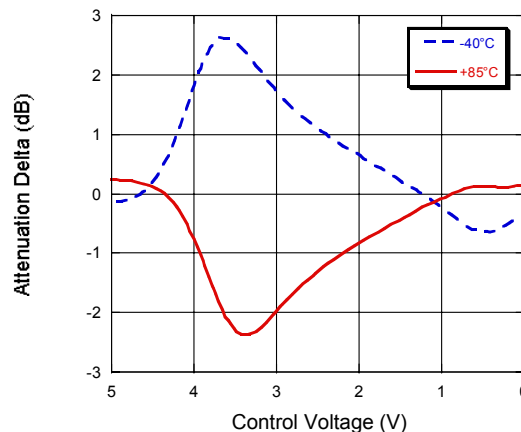
AT-110  
V4

## Typical Performance Curves @ 25°C

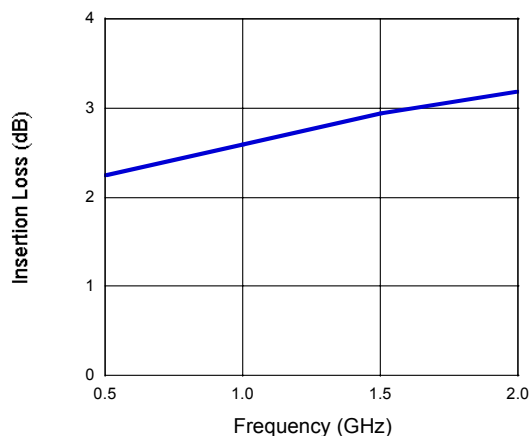
**Attenuation vs. Control Voltage**  
 $F = 900, 1800 \text{ MHz}$



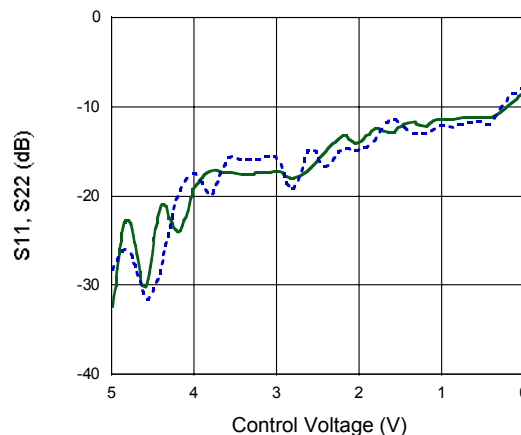
**Attenuation vs. Temperature**  
Normalized to +25°C,  $F = 900 \text{ MHz}$



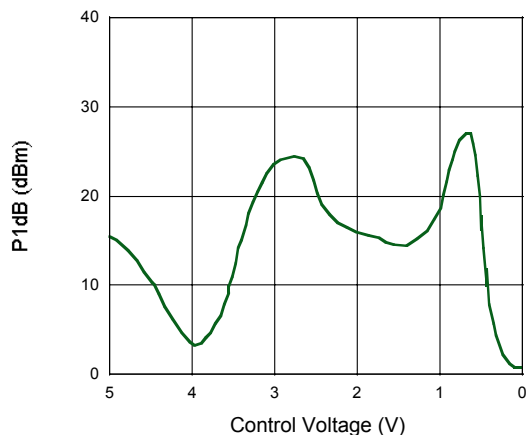
**Insertion Loss vs. Frequency**



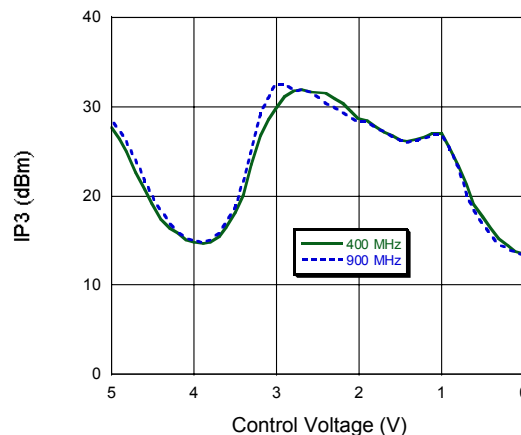
**Return Loss vs. Control Voltage**  
 $F = 900 \text{ MHz}$



**1 dB Compression vs. Control Voltage**  
 $F = 900 \text{ MHz}$



**IP3 vs. Control Voltage**





# High-Speed, Low-Voltage, 4Ω, Dual SPST CMOS Analog Switches

## General Description

The MAX4641/MAX4642/MAX4643 are monolithic, dual, single-pole/single-throw (SPST) switches that can operate from a single supply ranging from +1.8V to +5.5V. The MAX4641/MAX4642/MAX4643 provide low 4Ω on-resistance (RON), 0.6Ω RON matching between channels, and 1Ω RON flatness over the entire analog signal range. These devices offer fast switching times of less than 20ns while consuming less than 0.01μW of quiescent power.

The MAX4641 has two normally open (NO) switches, and the MAX4642 has two normally closed (NC) switches. The MAX4643 has one NO switch and one NC switch. All three devices have low 0.35nA leakage currents over the entire temperature range. The MAX4641/MAX4642/MAX4643 are available in small 8-pin μMAX and 8-pin QFN packages.

## Applications

Battery-Operated Equipment  
Audio and Video Signal Routing  
Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems  
Sample-and-Hold Circuits  
Communications Circuits

## Features

- ◆ +1.8V to +5.5V Single-Supply Operation
- ◆ Rail-to-Rail™ Analog Signal Range
- ◆ Guaranteed RON
  - 4Ω max (+5V supply)
  - 8Ω max (+3V supply)
- ◆ +1.8V Operation
  - RON 30Ω typ Over Temperature
  - ton 18ns typ, toff 12ns typ
- ◆ Guaranteed RON Flatness: 1Ω (+5V supply)
- ◆ Guaranteed RON Match Between Channels
  - 0.6Ω (+5V supply)
- ◆ Low Leakage (<0.35nA) Over Entire Temperature Range
- ◆ Excellent AC Characteristics
  - Low Crosstalk: -97dB at 1MHz
  - High Off-Isolation: -80dB at 1MHz
  - 0.018% Total Harmonic Distortion
- ◆ Low Power Consumption: < 0.01μW

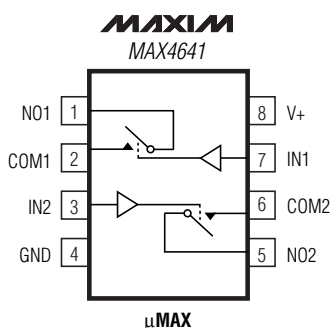
## Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
<b>MAX4641EUA</b>	-40°C to +85°C	8 μMAX
MAX4641EGA	-40°C to +85°C	8 QFN 3 x 3
<b>MAX4642EUA</b>	-40°C to +85°C	8 μMAX
MAX4642EGA	-40°C to +85°C	8 QFN 3 x 3
<b>MAX4643EUA</b>	-40°C to +85°C	8 μMAX
MAX4643EGA	-40°C to +85°C	8 QFN 3 x 3

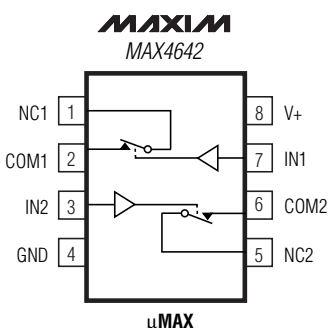
Rail-to-Rail is a trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd.

## Pin Configurations/Functional Diagrams/Truth Tables

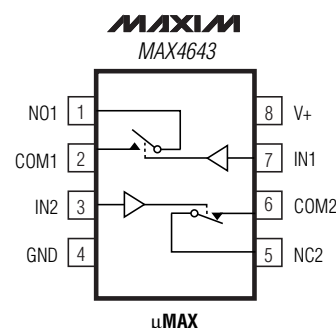
TOP VIEW



MAX4641	
IN_	NO_
0	OFF
1	ON



MAX4642	
IN_	NC_
0	ON
1	OFF



MAX4643		
IN_	NO1	NC2
0	OFF	ON
1	ON	OFF

Pin Configurations continued at end of data sheet.



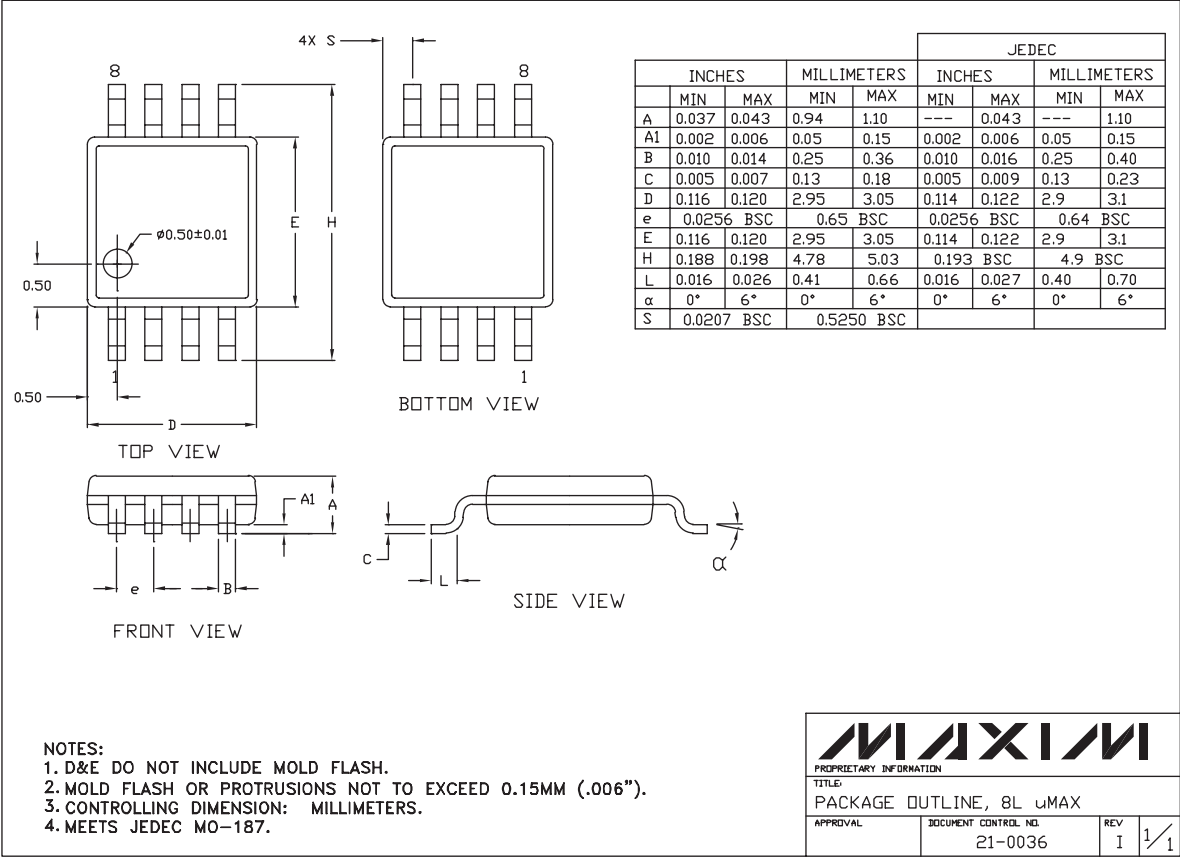
Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing delivery, and ordering information please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at [www.maxim-ic.com](http://www.maxim-ic.com).

MAX4641/MAX4642/MAX4643

# High-Speed, Low-Voltage, 4Ω, Dual SPST CMOS Analog Switches

## Package Information



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

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# LM2904, LM358/LM358A, LM258/ LM258A

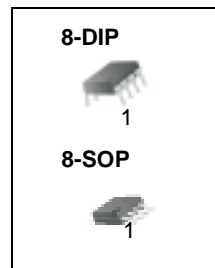
## Dual Operational Amplifier

### Features

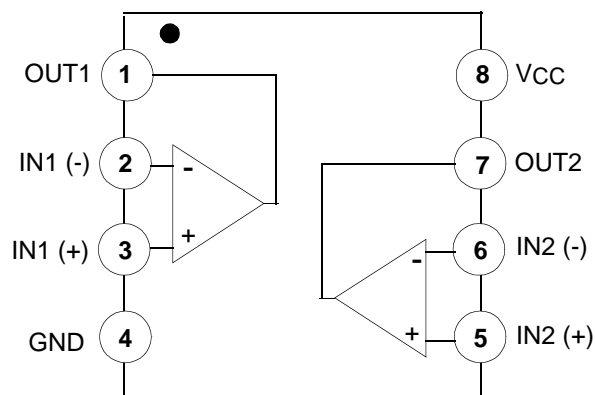
- Internally Frequency Compensated for Unity Gain
- Large DC Voltage Gain: 100dB
- Wide Power Supply Range:  
LM258/LM258A, LM358/LM358A: 3V~32V (or  $\pm 1.5V \sim 16V$ )  
LM2904 : 3V~26V (or  $\pm 1.5V \sim 13V$ )
- Input Common Mode Voltage Range Includes Ground
- Large Output Voltage Swing: 0V DC to  $V_{CC} - 1.5V$  DC
- Power Drain Suitable for Battery Operation.

### Description

The LM2904, LM358/LM358A, LM258/LM258A consist of two independent, high gain, internally frequency compensated operational amplifiers which were designed specifically to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltage. Operation from split power supplies is also possible and the low power supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage. Application areas include transducer amplifier, DC gain blocks and all the conventional OP-AMP circuits which now can be easily implemented in single power supply systems.



### Internal Block Diagram





# TL081, TL081A, TL081B, TL082, TL082A, TL082B TL084, TL084A, TL084B JFET-INPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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- Low Power Consumption
- Wide Common-Mode and Differential Voltage Ranges
- Low Input Bias and Offset Currents
- Output Short-Circuit Protection
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion . . . 0.003% Typ
- High Input Impedance . . . JFET-Input Stage
- Latch-Up-Free Operation
- High Slew Rate . . . 13 V/ $\mu$ s Typ
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes  $V_{CC+}$

## description/ordering information

The TL08x JFET-input operational amplifier family is designed to offer a wider selection than any previously developed operational amplifier family. Each of these JFET-input operational amplifiers incorporates well-matched, high-voltage JFET and bipolar transistors in a monolithic integrated circuit. The devices feature high slew rates, low input bias and offset currents, and low offset-voltage temperature coefficient. Offset adjustment and external compensation options are available within the TL08x family.

The C-suffix devices are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C. The I-suffix devices are characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C. The Q-suffix devices are characterized for operation from –40°C to 125°C. The M-suffix devices are characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

$T_J$	$V_{IOmax}$ AT 25°C	PACKAGE†		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
0°C to 70°C	15 mV	PDIP (P)	Tube of 50	TL081CP	TL081CP
			Tube of 50	TL082CP	TL082CP
		PDIP (N)	Tube of 25	TL084CN	TL084CN
		SOIC (D)	Tube of 75	TL081CD	TL081C
			Reel of 2500	TL081CDR	
			Tube of 75	TL082CD	TL082C
			Reel of 2500	TL082CDR	
			Tube of 50	TL084CD	TL084C
			Reel of 2500	TL084CDR	
		SOP (PS)	Reel of 2000	TL081CPSR	T081
			Reel of 2000	TL082CPSR	T082
		SOP (NS)	Reel of 2000	TL084CNSR	TL084
		TSSOP (PW)	Tube of 150	TL082CPW	T082
			Reel of 2000	TL082CPWR	
			Tube of 90	TL084CPW	T084
			Reel of 2000	TL084CPWR	

† Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at [www.ti.com/sc/package](http://www.ti.com/sc/package).



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**TL081, TL081A, TL081B, TL082, TL082A, TL082B**  
**TL084, TL084A, TL084B**  
**JFET-INPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

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**description/ordering information (continued)**

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

$T_J$	$V_{IOmax}$ AT 25°C	PACKAGE†		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
0°C to 70°C	6 mV	PDIP (P)	Tube of 50	TL081ACP	TL081ACP
			Tube of 50	TL082ACP	TL082ACP
		PDIP (N)	Tube of 25	TL084ACN	TL084ACN
		SOIC (D)	Tube of 75	TL081ACD	081AC
			Reel of 2500	TL081ACDR	
			Tube of 75	TL082ACD	082AC
			Reel of 2500	TL082ACDR	
			Tube of 50	TL084ACD	TL084AC
			Reel of 2500	TL084ACDR	
		SOP (PS)	Reel of 2000	TL082ACPSR	T082A
		SOP (NS)	Reel of 2000	TL084ACNSR	TL084A
	3 mV	PDIP (P)	Tube of 50	TL081BCP	TL081BCP
			Tube of 50	TL082BCP	TL082BCP
		PDIP (N)	Tube of 25	TL084BCN	TL084BCN
			Tube of 25	TL084BCN	TL084BCN
		SOIC (D)	Tube of 75	TL081BCD	081BC
			Reel of 2500	TL081BCDR	
			Tube of 75	TL082BCD	082BC
			Reel of 2500	TL082BCDR	
			Tube of 50	TL084BCD	TL084BC
			Reel of 2500	TL084BCDR	
–40°C to 85°C	6 mV	PDIP (P)	Tube of 50	TL081IP	TL081IP
			Tube of 50	TL082IP	TL082IP
		PDIP (N)	Tube of 25	TL084IN	TL081IN
			Tube of 25	TL084IN	TL081IN
		SOIC (D)	Tube of 75	TL081ID	TL081I
			Reel of 2500	TL081IDR	
			Tube of 75	TL082ID	TL082I
			Reel of 2500	TL082IDR	
			Tube of 50	TL084ID	TL084I
			Reel of 2500	TL084IDR	
		TSSOP (PW)	Reel of 2000	TL082IPWR	Z082
–40°C to 125°C	9 mV	SOIC (D)	Tube of 50	TL084QD	TL084QD
			Reel of 2500	TL084QDR	
–55°C to 125°C	9 mV	CDIP (J)	Tube of 25	TL084MJ	TL084MJ
		LCCC (FK)	Reel of 55	TL084FK	TL084FK
	6 mV	CDIP (JG)	Tube of 50	TL082MJG	TL082MJG
		LCCC (FK)	Tube of 55	TL082MFK	TL082MFK

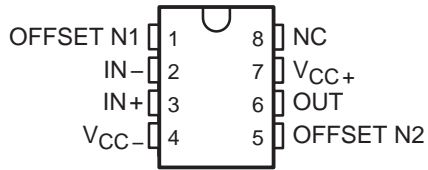
† Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at [www.ti.com/sc/package](http://www.ti.com/sc/package).



# TL081, TL081A, TL081B, TL082, TL082A, TL082B TL084, TL084A, TL084B JFET-INPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

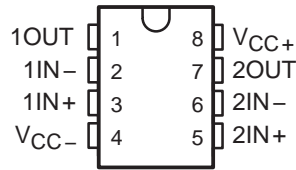
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**TL081, TL081A, TL081B**  
D, P, OR PS PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)

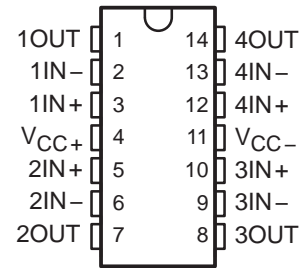


NC – No internal connection

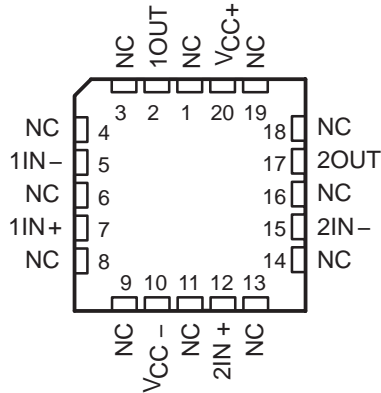
**TL082, TL082A, TL082B**  
D, JG, P, PS, OR PW PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



**TL084, TL084A, TL084B**  
D, J, N, NS, OR PW PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)

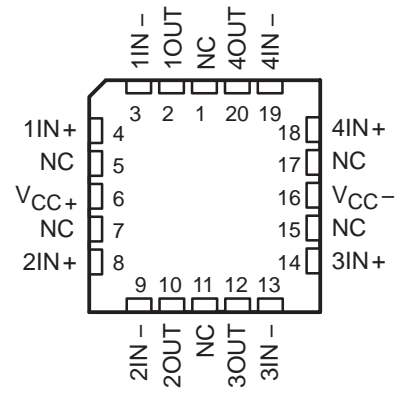


**TL082M . . . FK PACKAGE**  
(TOP VIEW)



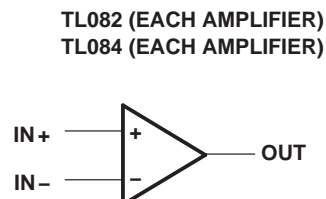
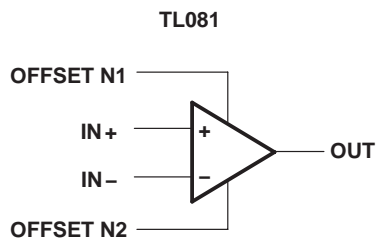
NC – No internal connection

**TL084M . . . FK PACKAGE**  
(TOP VIEW)



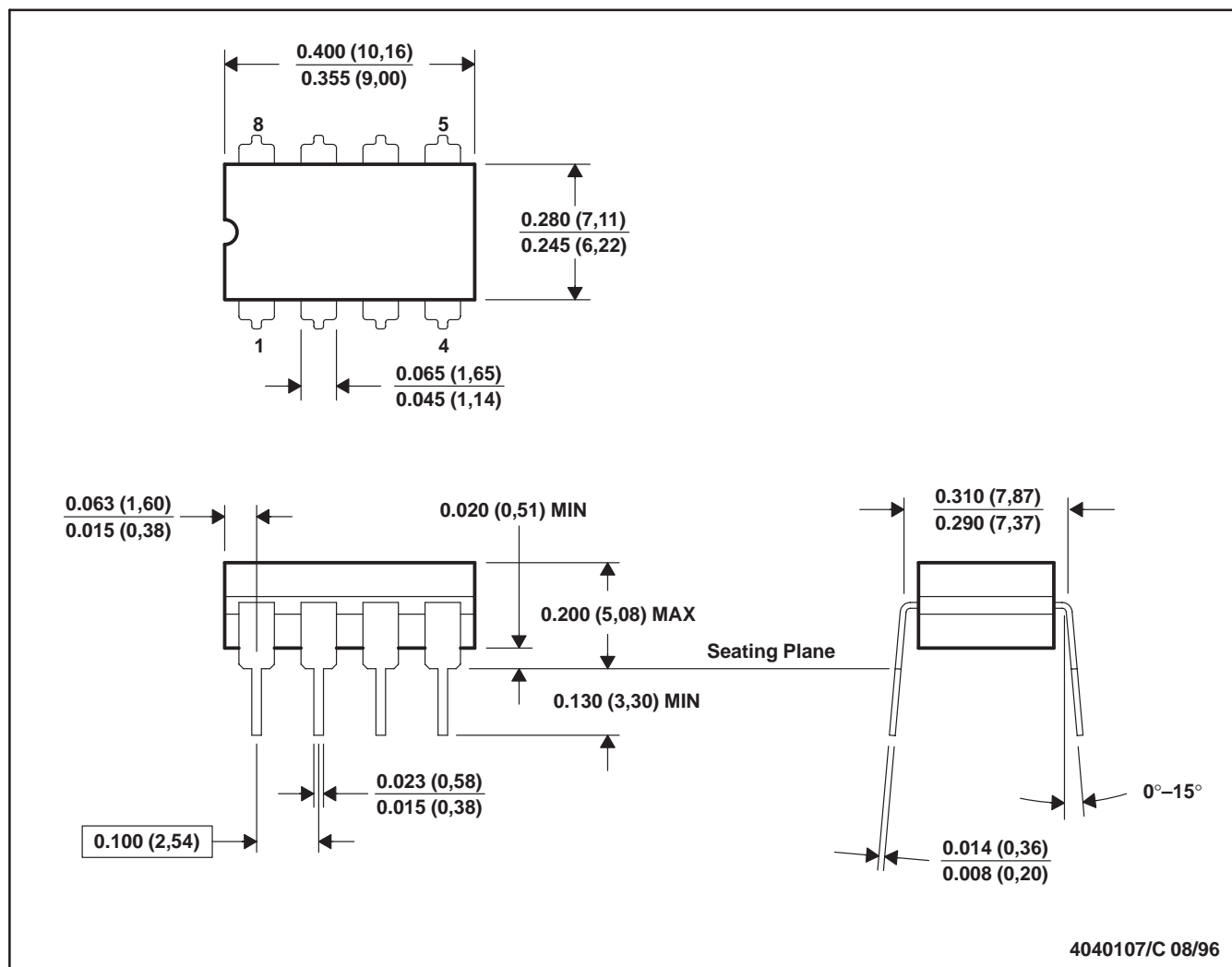
NC – No internal connection

## symbols



## JG (R-GDIP-T8)

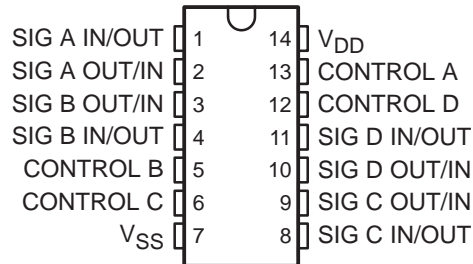
## CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.  
 D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification.  
 E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T8

- 15-V Digital or  $\pm 7.5$ -V Peak-to-Peak Switching
- 125- $\Omega$  Typical On-State Resistance for 15-V Operation
- Switch On-State Resistance Matched to Within 5  $\Omega$  Over 15-V Signal-Input Range
- On-State Resistance Flat Over Full Peak-to-Peak Signal Range
- High On/Off Output-Voltage Ratio: 80 dB Typical at  $f_{IS} = 10$  kHz,  $R_L = 1$  k $\Omega$
- High Degree of Linearity: <0.5% Distortion Typical at  $f_{IS} = 1$  kHz,  $V_{IS} = 5$  V p-p,  $V_{DD} - V_{SS} \geq 10$  V,  $R_L = 10$  k $\Omega$
- Extremely Low Off-State Switch Leakage, Resulting in Very Low Offset Current and High Effective Off-State Resistance: 10 pA Typical at  $V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 10$  V,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- Extremely High Control Input Impedance (Control Circuit Isolated From Signal Circuit):  $10^{12}$   $\Omega$  Typical
- Low Crosstalk Between Switches: -50 dB Typical at  $f_{IS} = 8$  MHz,  $R_L = 1$  k $\Omega$
- Matched Control-Input to Signal-Output Capacitance: Reduces Output Signal Transients
- Frequency Response, Switch On = 40 MHz Typical
- 100% Tested for Quiescent Current at 20 V
- 5-V, 10-V, and 15-V Parametric Ratings
- Meets All Requirements of JEDEC Tentative Standard No. 13-B, *Standard Specifications for Description of "B" Series CMOS Devices*
- Applications:
  - Analog Signal Switching/Multiplexing: Signal Gating, Modulator, Squelch Control, Demodulator, Chopper, Commutating Switch
  - Digital Signal Switching/Multiplexing
  - Transmission-Gate Logic Implementation
  - Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog Conversion
  - Digital Control of Frequency, Impedance, Phase, and Analog-Signal Gain

E, F, M, NS, OR PW PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



### description/ordering information

The CD4066B is a quad bilateral switch intended for the transmission or multiplexing of analog or digital signals. It is pin-for-pin compatible with the CD4016B, but exhibits a much lower on-state resistance. In addition, the on-state resistance is relatively constant over the full signal-input range.

The CD4066B consists of four bilateral switches, each with independent controls. Both the p and the n devices in a given switch are biased on or off simultaneously by the control signal. As shown in Figure 1, the well of the n-channel device on each switch is tied to either the input (when the switch is on) or to  $V_{SS}$  (when the switch is off). This configuration eliminates the variation of the switch-transistor threshold voltage with input signal and, thus, keeps the on-state resistance low over the full operating-signal range.

The advantages over single-channel switches include peak input-signal voltage swings equal to the full supply voltage and more constant on-state impedance over the input-signal range. However, for sample-and-hold applications, the CD4016B is recommended.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

**TEXAS  
INSTRUMENTS**

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# CD4066B

## CMOS QUAD BILATERAL SWITCH

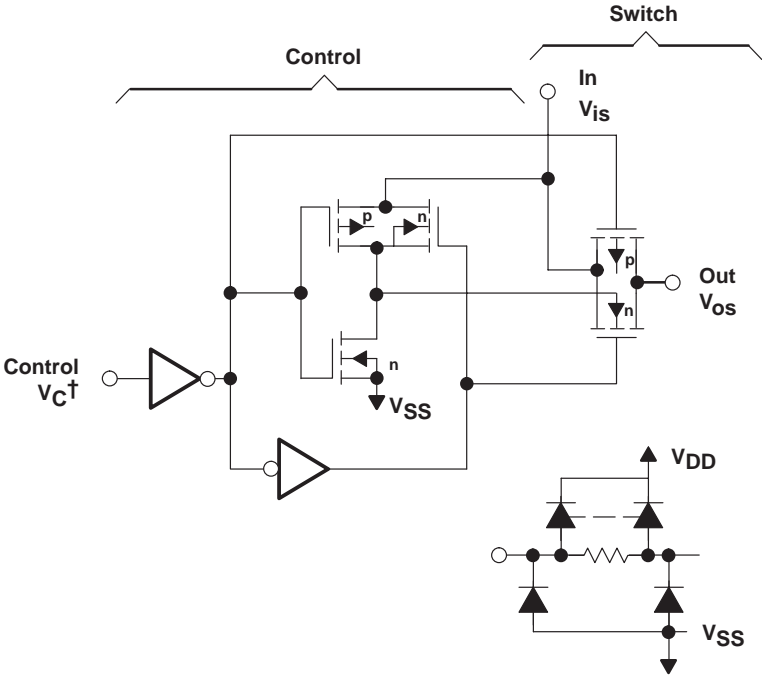
SCHS051D – NOVEMBER 1998 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2003

### description/ordering information (continued)

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

TA	PACKAGE†		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
–55°C to 125°C	CDIP – F	Tube of 25	CD4066BF3A	CD4066BF3A
	PDIP – E	Tube of 25	CD4066BE	CD4066BE
	SOIC – M	Tube of 50	CD4066BM	CD4066BM
		Reel of 2500	CD4066BM96	
		Reel of 250	CD4066BMT	
	SOP – NS	Reel of 2000	CD4066BNSR	CD4066B
	TSSOP – PW	Tube of 90	CD4066BPW	CM066B
		Reel of 2000	CD4066BPWR	

† Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at [www.ti.com/sc/package](http://www.ti.com/sc/package).



- † All control inputs are protected by the CMOS protection network.
- NOTES: A. All p substrates are connected to VDD.  
 B. Normal operation control-line biasing: switch on (logic 1), VC = VDD; switch off (logic 0), VC = VSS  
 C. Signal-level range: VSS ≤ VIs ≤ VDD

92CS-29113

Figure 1. Schematic Diagram of One-of-Four Identical Switches and Associated Control Circuitry

N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

16 PINS SHOWN

## PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



PINS ** DIM	14	16	18	20
A MAX	0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23,37)	1.060 (26,92)
A MIN	0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21,59)	0.940 (23,88)
MS-001 VARIATION	AA	BB	AC	AD



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- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  -  Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
  -  The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.